# Comparison between MARS1507 and MARS1510 at CERN & BNL

#### Gersende Prior European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN)







**Target meeting** 

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## **MARS** installation

#### MARS1507:

- last update 21-July-2009 at CERN.
- benchmarked on x32 but not on x64 architecture.
- comparison with m1507 at BNL was giving different yields.

#### MARS1510:

- installed in 11-February-2011 at CERN.
- 64x architecture only.
- need small modifications in the .INP file in order to run (e.g., space after comment sign C needed).
- comparison with m1510 at BNL also giving different yields.

### m1507 & m1510 @CERN (1/)

Run to run comparison -  $10^5$  protons - ST2 – 5-10 GeV beams – Biggest deviation of  $|N_{\rm 1507}-N_{\rm 1510}|/N_{\rm 1507}.$ 

PID#	Name	0 m	50 m	PID#	Name	0 m	50 m
1	р	3%	10 %	12	pbar	-	-
2	n	2%	-	13	π0	-	-
3	π+	3%	7%	14	d	11%	21%
4	π-	2%	9%	15	t	-	-
5	K+	21%	-	16	3He	-	-
6	K-	10%	-	17	4He	-	-
7	μ+	19%	6%	18	νμ	8%	34%
8	μ-	13%	3%	19	νμ <b>ba</b> r	10%	39%
9	γ	7%	-	20	ve	13%	38%
10	e-	5%	5%	21	vebar	42%	-
11	e+	10%	8%	22	ντ	38%	-

Weighted yield > 100.

black < 5 % - green 5-10% - blue 10-20% - red > 20%

## m1507 & m1510 @CERN (2/)

Statistical fluctuation ( $\sigma$  for 50 runs with different random seeds) is ~2-3% (as

for MARS1507).

Figure of merit for muons at 50 m.

Difference in versions within stat. errors.



## m1510@CERN (1/)

Checking particles distribution for 50 runs with different seeds. 5-10 GeV – ST2 at z = 50 m.



Standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) below 3% for the muons (within an energy cut).

Consistent across the beam energy range.



## m1510@CERN (2/)

Checking particles distribution for 50 runs with different seeds. 9-10 GeV – ST2 at z = 50 m.

I discovered a bug in my code, please ignore previous plots.



#### m1510 @CERN (3/)

Checking particles distribution for 50 runs with different seeds. 9-10 GeV – ST2 at z = 50 m.

! I discovered a bug in my code, please ignore previous plots.

Standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ) of 51%.

Consistent across the beam energy range.



Unfortunately cannot check back 1507 since the code is not available.

## m1510 @CERN (4/)

N. Souchlas noticed that some runs were taking longer. Checking length of the runs for each seed. 10 GeV – ST2.

Some runs take 15 min or 35 min more but not depending on the starting seed value.



### m1507 at CERN and BNL (1/)

#### $10^5$ protons - ST2 - 5 GeV beam - N.



 $\begin{array}{l} 1 \text{ p} - 2 \text{ n} - 3 \pi^{+} - 4 \pi^{-} - 5 \text{ K}^{+} - 6 \text{ K}^{-} - 7 \mu^{+} - 8 \mu^{-} - 9 \gamma - 10 \text{ e}^{-} - 11 \text{ e}^{+} - 12 \text{ pbar} - 13 \pi^{0} - 14 \text{ d} \\ 15 \text{ t} - 16 ^{3}\text{He} - 17 ^{4}\text{He} - 18 \nu \mu - 19 \nu \mu \text{bar} - 20 \nu \text{e} - 21 \nu \text{ebar} - 22 \nu \tau \end{array}$ 

### m1507 at CERN and BNL (2/)

 $10^5$  protons - ST2 - 5 GeV beam - Diff = N<sub>CERN</sub> - N<sub>BNL</sub>.



 $\frac{1}{15} p - 2 n - 3 \pi^{+} - 4 \pi^{-} - 5 K^{+} - 6 K^{-} - 7 \mu^{+} - 8 \mu^{-} - 9 \gamma - 10 e^{-} - 11 e^{+} - 12 pbar - 13 \pi^{0} - 14 d^{-} + 15 t - 16 {}^{3}\text{He} - 17 {}^{4}\text{He} - 18 \nu \mu - 19 \nu \mu bar - 20 \nu e - 21 \nu ebar - 22 \nu \tau$ 

#### m1507 at CERN and BNL (3/)

 $10^5$  protons – ST2 – 5 GeV beam.  $Frac = (N_{CERN} - N_{BNL})/N_{CERN}$ ! Some errors bars were missing in previous talk.

d (0 m),  $v\mu$  (0 and 50 m)

agreement with statistics.

PID – ST2 – 1507 – 5 GeV beam –  $10^5$  protons and p (50 m) difference not in  $(N_{CEBN} - N_{BNL})/N_{CEBN}$  at z = 0 m 0.4  $(N_{CEBN} - N_{BNL})/N_{CEBN}$  at z = 50 m 0.3 0.2 Ť 0.1 0 -0. -0.2-0.3 -0.4-0.5 2 12 6 8 10 14 16 18 20 4

 $1 p - 2 n - 3 \pi^{+} - 4 \pi^{-} - 5 K^{+} - 6 K^{-} - 7 \mu^{+} - 8 \mu^{-} - 9 \gamma - 10 e^{-} - 11 e^{+} - 12 pbar - 13 \pi^{0} - 14 d$  $15 t - 16 {}^{3}\text{He} - 17 {}^{4}\text{He} - 18 v\mu - 19 v\mu \text{bar} - 20 ve - 21 ve \text{bar} - 22 v\tau$ 

### m1507 at CERN and BNL (4/)

 $10^5$  protons - ST2 - 5 - 15 GeV beam max. of  $|N_{CERN} - N_{BNL}| / N_{CERN}$ .

PID#	Name	0 m	50 m	PID#	Name	0 m	50 m
1	р	3%	25%	12	pbar	-	-
2	n	3%	-	13	π0	-	-
3	π+	11%	7%	14	d	41%	32%
4	π-	4%	5%	15	t	-	-
5	K+	13%	-	16	3He	-	-
6	K-	14%	-	17	4He	-	-
7	μ+	10%	5%	18	νμ	7%	33%
8	μ-	10%	6%	19	$\nu\mu$ bar	14%	32%
9	γ	4%	9736%	20	ve	19%	-
10	e-	4%	19%	21	vebar	-	-
11	e+	7%	21%	22	ντ	15%	-

#### Weighted yield > 100.

black < 5 % - green 5-10% - blue 10-20% - red > 20%

## m1507 at CERN and BNL (4/)

### 10<sup>5</sup> protons - ST2 – run to run comparison:

Figure of merit at 50 m.

Up to 10% difference between BNL and CERN.



### m1510 at CERN and BNL (1/)





 $15 t - 16 {}^{3}\text{He} - 17 {}^{4}\text{He} - 18 v\mu - 19 v\mu bar - 20 ve - 21 vebar - 22 v\tau$ 

## m1510 at CERN and BNL (2/)

### ST2 – 5 GeV beam – $10^5$ and $2 \times 10^5$ protons – $N_{CERN}$ – $N_{BNL}$ .



 $1 p - 2 n - 3 \pi^{+} - 4 \pi^{-} - 5 K^{+} - 6 K^{-} - 7 \mu^{+} - 8 \mu^{-} - 9 \gamma - 10 e^{-} - 11 e^{+} - 12 pbar - 13 \pi^{0} - 14 d^{-} + 15 t - 16 {}^{3}\text{He} - 17 {}^{4}\text{He} - 18 \nu\mu - 19 \nu\mu bar - 20 \nu e - 21 \nu ebar - 22 \nu\tau$ 

### m1510 at CERN and BNL (3/)

For  $\nu\mu$  (50 m) and  $\nu\tau$ (0 m) large

ST2-5~GeV beam –  $10^5$  and  $2x10^5~protons$ 

! SOME ERRORS BARS WERE MISSING IN PREVIOUS TALK.

 $(N_{CERN} - N_{BNL})/N_{CERN}$ 



 $\frac{1 \text{ p} - 2 \text{ n}}{15 \text{ t} - 16} - \frac{3 \pi^{+} - 4 \pi^{-} - 5 \text{ K}^{+} - 6 \text{ K}^{-} - 7 \mu^{+} - 8 \mu^{-} - 9 \gamma - 10 \text{ e}^{-} - 11 \text{ e}^{+} - 12 \text{ pbar} - 13 \pi^{0} - 14 \text{ d}}{15 \text{ t} - 16} \frac{3 \text{ He} - 17 \text{ }^{4}\text{He} - 18 \text{ v}\mu - 19 \text{ v}\mu\text{bar} - 20 \text{ ve} - 21 \text{ vebar} - 22 \text{ v}\tau}{10 \text{ e}^{-} - 12 \text{ e}^{-} - 12 \text{ e}^{-} - 12 \text{ e}^{-} - 13 \pi^{0} - 14 \text{ d}}$ 

## m1510 at CERN and BNL (4/)

Random seeds run at BNL need to verify the beam energy (7 or 5 GeV ?).

#### Feedback from N. Mokhov (03 June 2011)

"No doubt, this TINY difference comes from the different compiler versions on the two sites resulting in a shift of random numbers in the course of Monte Carlo. For the statistics you studied, the agreement and differences are fully consistent. You can do a test with a simple toy model to see this. I will look myself later, just let me know what machines have exactly been used for this study at CERN and BNL ".

Example of ICOOL 3.20 (which contains also random generators/seeds) on two different machines, SLC5 - 64x - gcc 4.1.2 and SLC4 - 32x - gcc 3.4.6 produces the EXACT same output for ~1000 particles ~ 100 m lattice with RF and solenoids.

Some of the PID, to me are not in agreement (discussing with Nikolai). Shift of random seeds due to compiler, seems still a strange explanation. Need the information on the BNL computers.

#### Conclusion & todo

m1507 & m1510 comparison @CERN:

5-10 GeV beams, muons yield @50 m within statistical errors (for 50 runs - using Ekin cuts).

 $\nu\mu$  distribution (50 runs - m1510) spread 10-13% of the mean, excepted for  $\nu e$  at 51% (but also small statistics).

m1507 at CERN & BNL comparison:

5-15 GeV beams muons yield @50 m difference up to 10% (run to run – using Ekin cuts).

m1510 at CERN & BNL comparison:

5 GeV beam – difference does not seem to be due to statistics.

12-15 GeV beams to do in m1510 @CERN. Verify beam energy of BNL random seeds simulation. Get detailed feedback from N. Mokhov. Run in LAQGSM mode (m1510 only).

Thanks to Xiaoping & Nicholas for the help with the MARS simulation comparison.

Will try to finish the comparison work started by Nicholas at BNL.