

# MERIT Hg System Reconfiguration Concept

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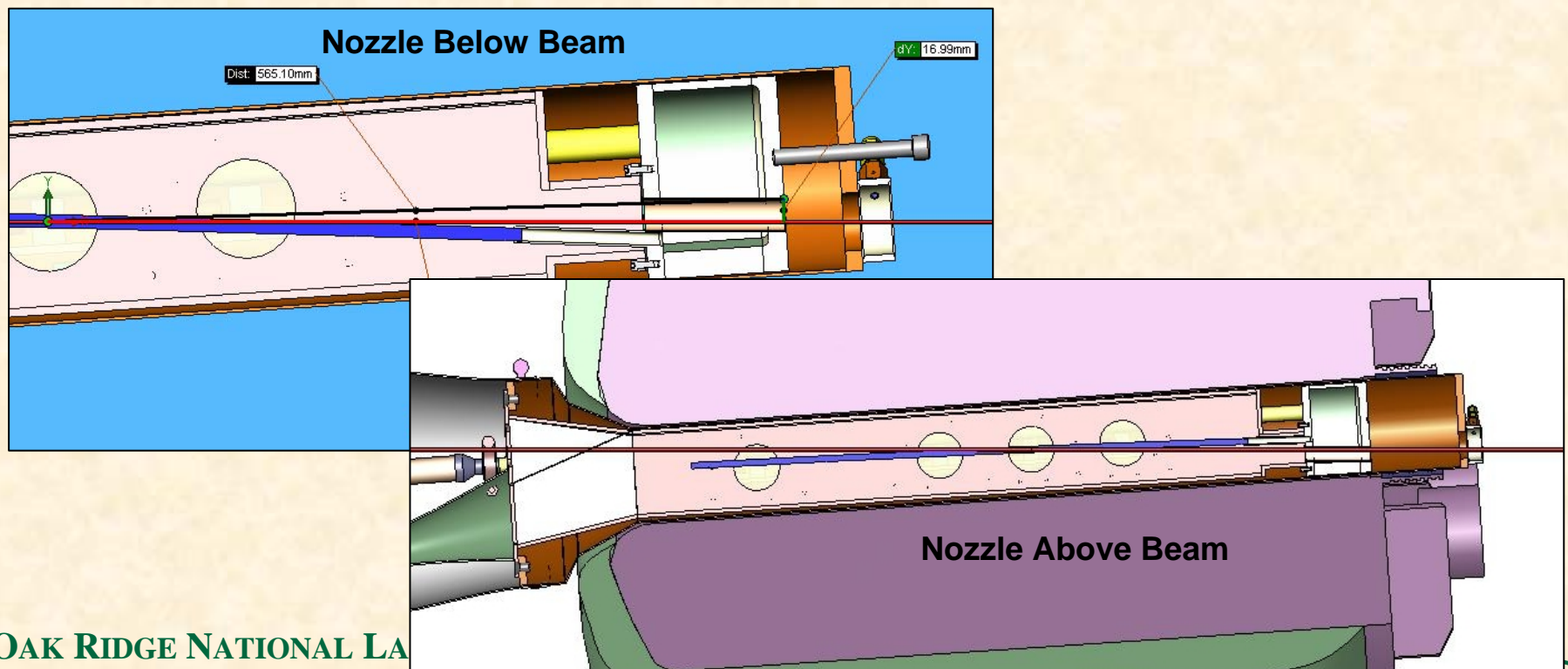
**MERIT VRVS Session**

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- **Two issues discussed have impact on Hg delivery system design**
  - **Hg jet distortion in field appears to be real and a significant problem**
    - **Decision made to decrease angle between Hg jet and magnet axis from 100 mrad to 33 mrad**
    - **This moves nozzle above the beam**
  - **Cost has become more of an issue as actual hardware quotations are received**

# Nozzle Relocation

- Nozzle above beam is more inline with magnet axis
- Magnet tilt angle cannot be decreased during experiment because nozzle would move into beam



# Design Ramifications



- **Need for deflector not as apparent**
  - Might be reconfigured or eliminated
- **Plenum no longer a preferred solution**
  - Maneuvering Hg around beam no longer an issue
  - Have room to make turn at end of magnet and have long run in same direction as beam
  - Non-plenum approach requires increased pressure at Hg cylinder
- **Half-plenum could be considered**
- **Still require that replaceable nozzle be incorporated**

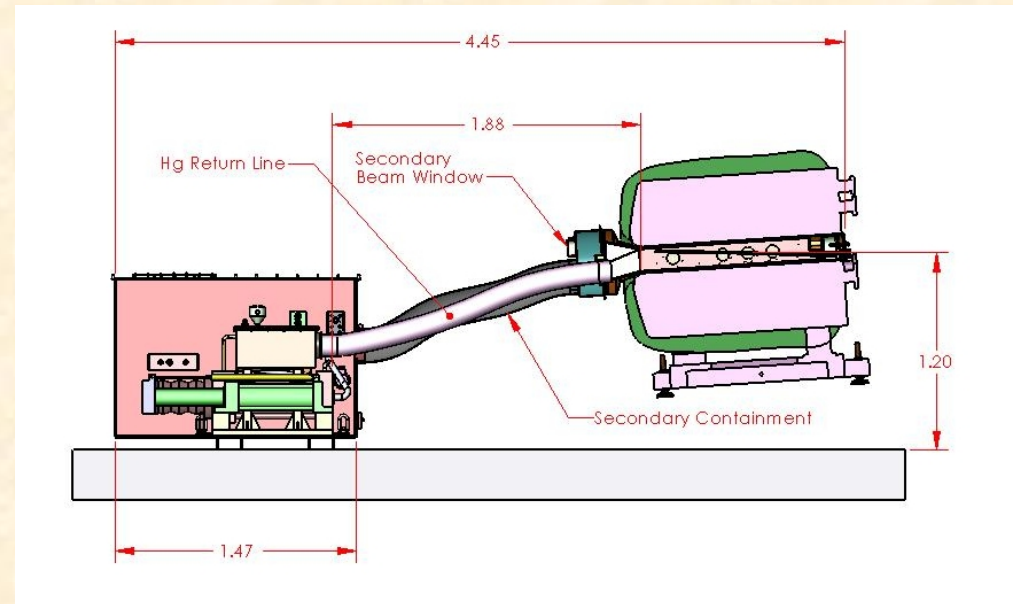
# Hg System Costs



- **Syringe ~\$80K**
- **Remaining fabricated item cost estimates from ORNL fabrication expert**
  - Common baseplate (\$22K)
  - Target transporter (\$5K)
  - Target cart (\$3K)
  - Primary containment (\$12K)
  - Secondary containment (\$14K)
- **Consideration being given to eliminate / minimize baseplate & transporter costs**

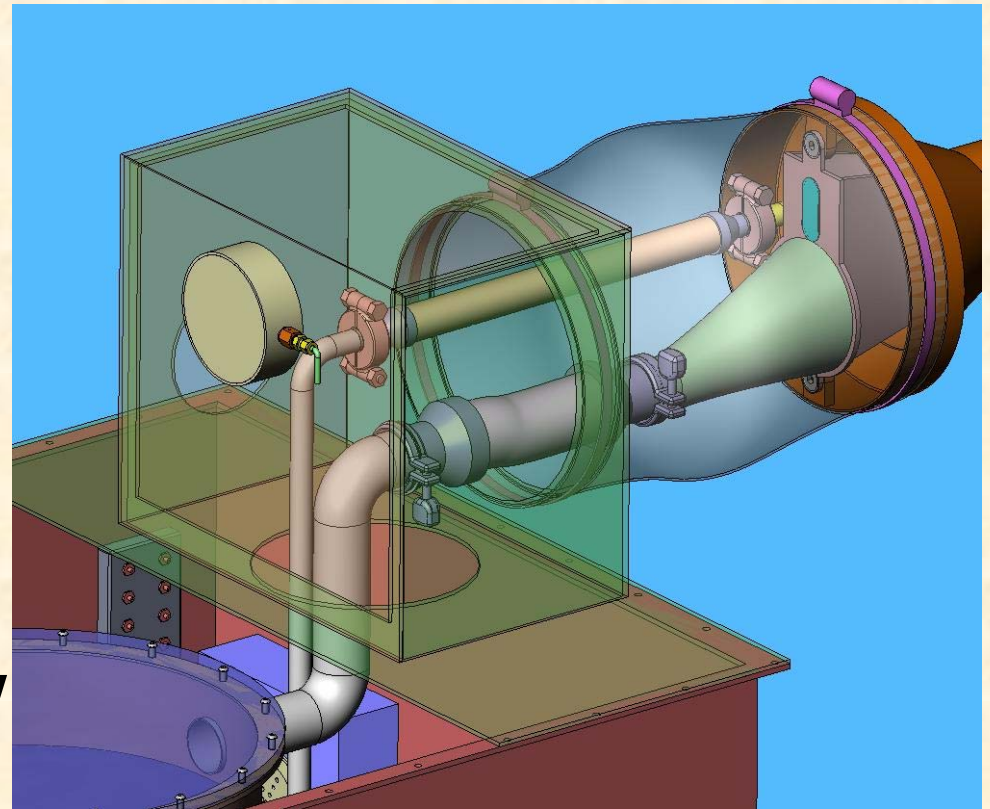
# Common Baseplate Can Be Eliminated

- Approach initially considered during analysis of attractive forces between steel cylinders and magnet
- Separating systems alleviated force issue but introduced other handling & transport issues



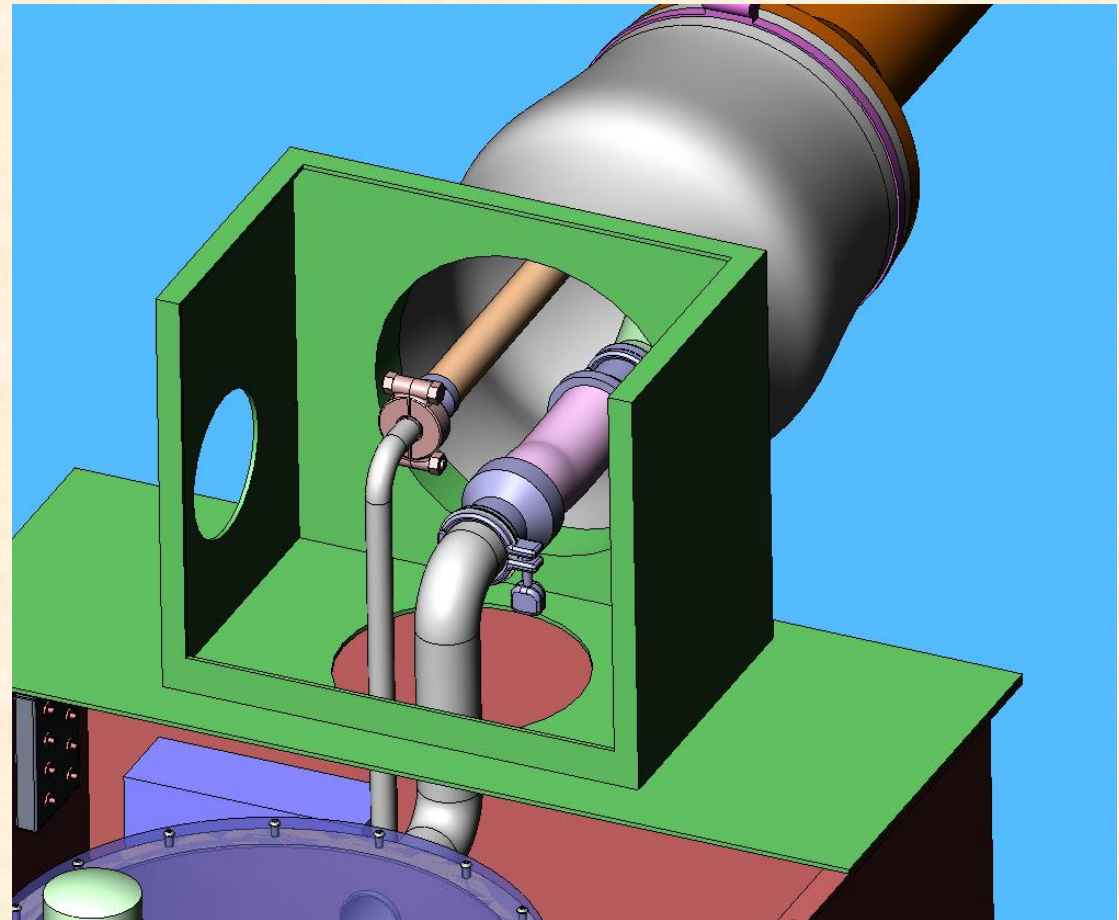
# New Approach

- Increase length of flexible tubing but minimize separation distance
- Reconfigure secondary containment so Hg supply & return lines exit out the top rather than the front
- Move secondary downstream beam window



# Syringe Assembly Sequence

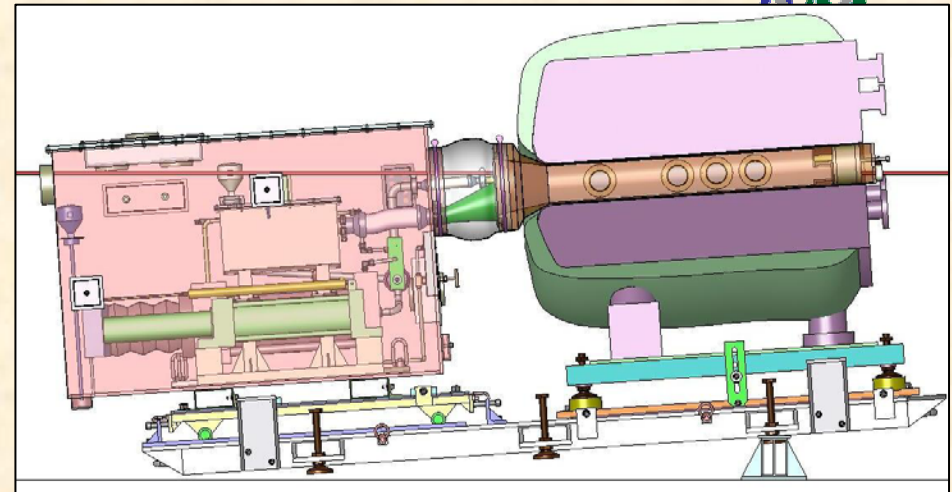
- Lower cylinder assembly into box
  - Assembly does not include flexible hoses
- Lower secondary cover box over cylinder discharge piping
- While supporting weight, attach primary containment target module (incl. flex hoses)
- While supporting weight, slide secondary containment sleeve over target module
- Pass optic fibers through side hole in cover box
- Install back/top of cover box (with beam window)



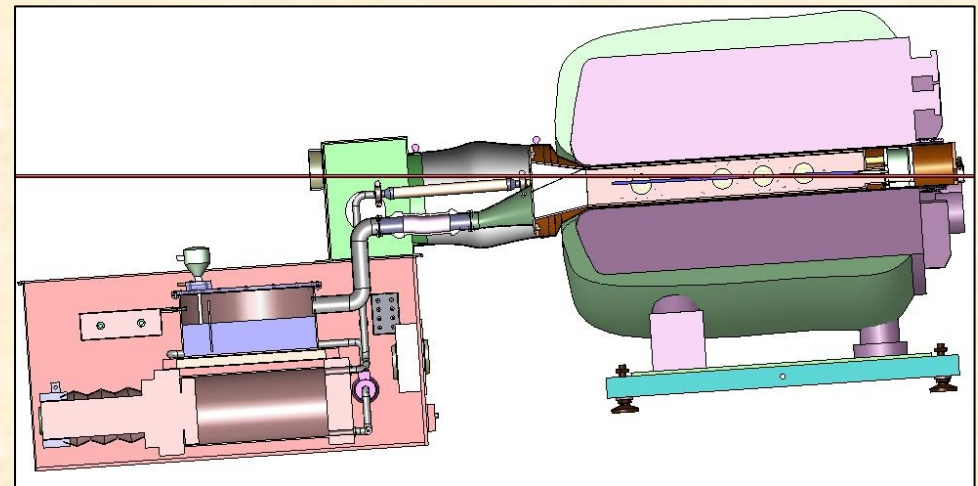


# New Concept Has Its Own Issues

- **Common baseplate eliminated need for built-in tilt adjustment of Hg system**
  - New Hg system transporter requires rolling, elevating, tilting, and locking features
- **Support for target module will be an issue**
- **Secondary downstream beam window must be very large to accommodate non-precise tilt of Hg system**
  - Might have to increase window thickness to withstand vacuum/pressure monitoring
- **Slightly increased pressure drop due to longer piping**
- **Longer supply piping means slightly decreased max jet duration (<1/4sec change)**
- **Magnet will require its own transport, alignment, and support features**



Current Baseline



New Concept (Syringe May Be Less Tilted)

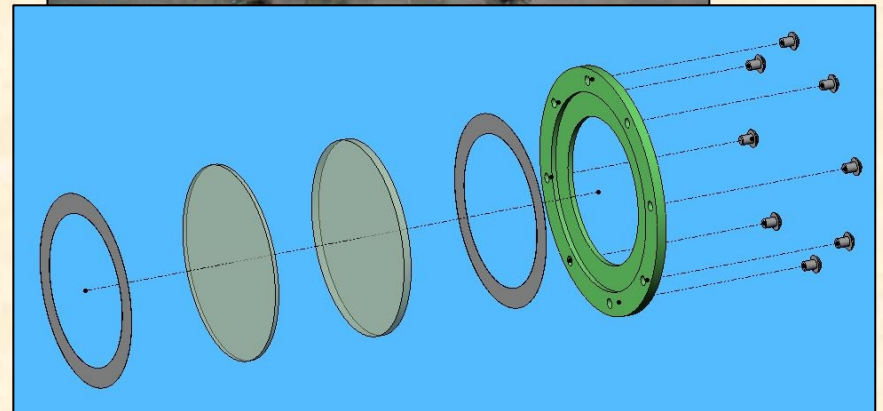
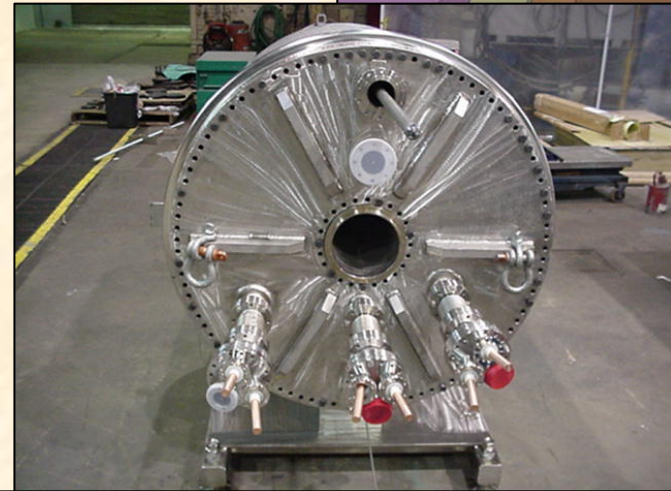
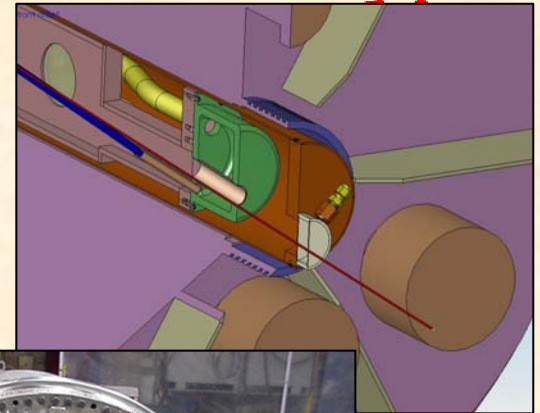
# Preliminary Installation Sequence With New Concept



- **Grossly align magnet axis with vertical plane containing beam**
- **Elevate magnet so axis is parallel to floor and just below beam elevation**
  - Perform fine lateral alignment of magnet
- **Roll Hg system into position, removing support as target module enters magnet bore**
- **Raise upbeam end of magnet until  $Z=0$  is in beamline**
  - Must also adjust tilt/elevation of Hg system

# Other Issues Discussed

- **Decided to not pursue in-situ nozzle replacement**
  - Proposed MIT testing
    - **Conduct integrated tests with level baseplate until nozzle finalized**
      - Changeouts better controlled, less risk of Hg spill if Hg system extracted from magnet
    - **Tilt baseplate for final tests**
- **Proposing to use sapphire optical windows instead of silica/lexan**
  - Mechanical properties of sapphire exceed those of fused silica
  - Princeton to conduct impact tests on sapphire disks



# Conclusions



- **Nozzle relocation will necessitate some fairly detailed design changes**
  - Moving away from plenum concept
- **Fabrication costs dictating further design review**
  - New delivery system concept eliminates some major fabrication expense
    - More design required
    - Additional cost to magnet system required
    - **Should this become baseline approach?**