

MERIT Hg System Final Design Review

Hg Target System Operations

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Outline

- Facility constraints
- System installation
 - Components in TT2A
 - System assembly & alignment
- Hg handling & filling
- Off-normal conditions
- System removal and decommissioning
 - System disassembly
 - Hg drain
 - Prepare for shipment







Facility Constraints

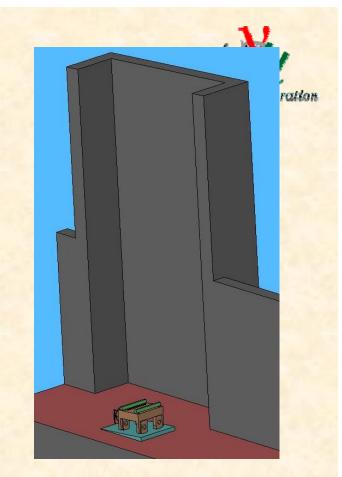


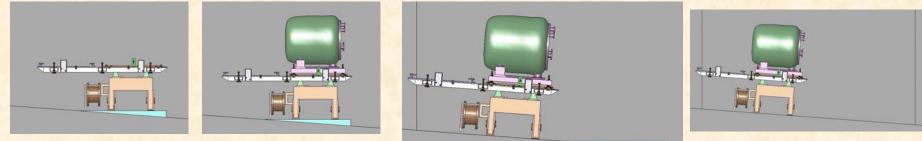
- No overhead lifting capability within tunnel
- Modularity required
 - Component footprint size limitation is 1.3m x 4.4m
- 40cm step traversal required to enter TT2A



Components into TT2A

- Mobile crane used to lower equipment from ground level to pit floor
- Hilman rollers or on-board casters allow component transport
- CERN "turtle" available as needed
- Prefer to use cable ratchet to control travel down slope





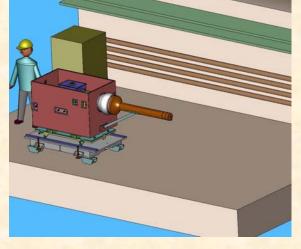
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Installation Sequence Part 1 (Out-ofbeam)

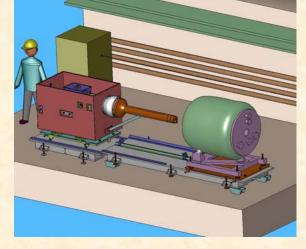


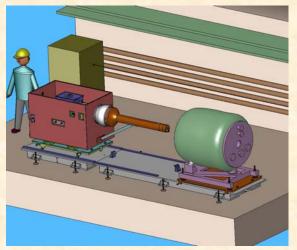
Transport Hg System



Remove Rollers

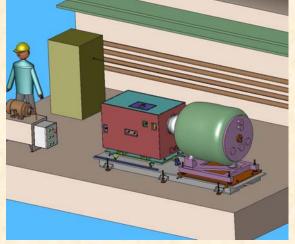
Transport Baseplate, Install Magnet



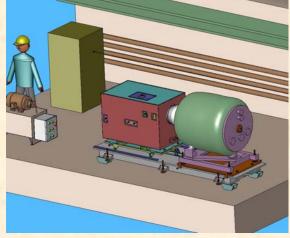


Remove Rollers, Level Magnet

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Roll Hg System into Magnet



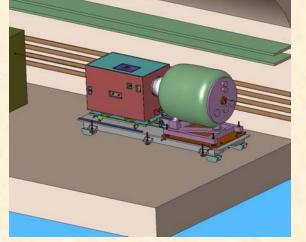
Add Rollers



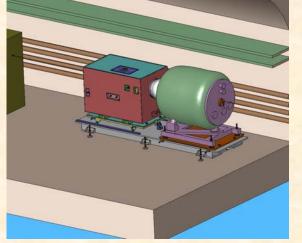
Installation Sequence Part 2 (Inbeam)

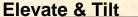


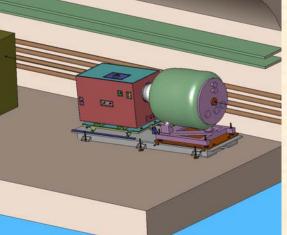
Roll System into Beam Line



Remove Rollers







- Baseplate & magnet will go in beam line prior to Hg system
- Blocks under magnet end to provide adequate tilt

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Alignment to Beam



- Fiducials assumed to be on magnet baseplate and Hg system secondary containment sleeve
- Gross alignment with Hilman rollers
- Fine alignment with baseplate alignment mechanisms for magnet & Hg cart
- Precision alignment using CERN beam locators
 - May still require fine tuning after first few beam pulses
- May need secondary/magnet interface bracket to prevent nozzle movement





Hg Handling Issues



Properties, Safety Limits, Standards

- Atomic Weight: 200.59
- Boiling Point: 357 degree C
- Specific Gravity: 13.6
- Vapor Pressure: 0.0012 mm Hg
- Vapors: colorless, odorless
- Solubility: insoluble in water
- NIOSH/OSHA limits: 0.05 mg/m³, 10 h/day; 40 h/wk
 - ORNL: 0.025 mg/m³, respirators at 0.012 mg/m³

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The Target Test Facility (TTF) - Basis For ORNL's Hg Handling Experience



- Full scale, prototype of SNS Hg flow loop
- 1400 liters of Hg
- Used to determine flow characteristics
- Develop hands on operating experience
- Assess key remote handling design issues



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TTF Pump Room and Target Room



- 75 Hp centrifugal pump
- Nominal flow at 1450 liters/min (380 gpm)
- Completed several major equipment upgrades for piping and target configuration



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TTF Hg Loading



 TTF vacuum pump was used to transfer Hg directly into the storage tank from 540+ flasks
Peristaltic pump available as backup



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Proper PPE Is Mandatory



 Overalls, gloves, and overshoes are the minimum requirement for TTF loop maintenance



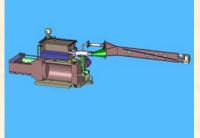
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Operational Issues



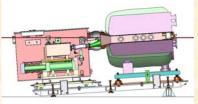
- Is special notification required at MIT for Hg operations for integrated systems testing
 - The schedule shows a safety review and target test plan to be presented to MIT staff in Feb. 2006
- Will CERN provide the third vapor monitor for sampling the tunnel environment?
 - Who is responsible for monitoring the tunnel?
- Will MIT and CERN provide support for repackaging the target equipment and Hg for delivery back to ORNL?







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Hg Loading



- A glove box could be required for unloading Hg at the completion of testing if refilling flasks is not permitted outside of the secondary containment
 - Consider use of snorkel near flasks in lieu of glove box





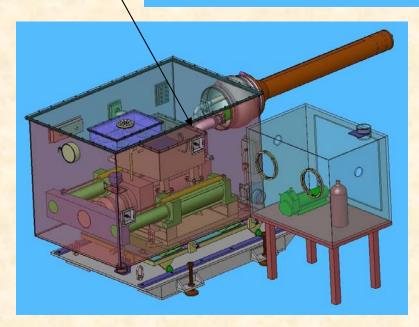
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Hg Loading Operation

- Secondary containment cover remains installed
- Pump into sump tank
 - Air displaced from sump tank vented through secondary passive filtration
- Hg vapor control with snorkel
- Glovebox used if required

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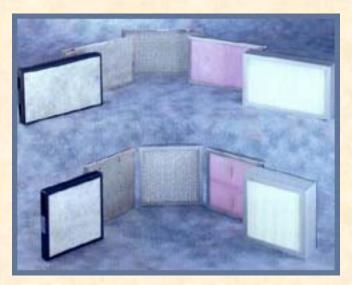
MERIT Collab. Mtg Oct 17-29, 2005

Inlet port

Filter Replacement

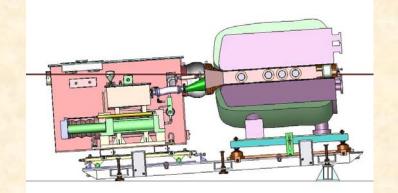


- Effectively requires breaching the secondary containment
- Filter pack will be covered by a plastic bag taped in place
- Snorkel will be placed adjacent to the filter
- Monitor # 3 will be used to sample air in the filter region





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Estimate For Filter Lifetime

Saturation Pressure

$$\log P_{sat} = -3105.5 / T_{0_{K}} + 4.9294 \quad \text{(bar)}$$

Saturation Concentration

 $C_{sat} = 2.445 P_{sat} / T_{0_{K}} (\text{Kg}_{\text{Hg}}/\text{m}^{3}) \qquad (P_{sat} \text{mbar})$

Ref. Quechsilber und seine Gefahren, Swiss government worker safety report, SBA No. 145, Luzern

Flow Rate 110 cfm

- Temp. 25 °C
- Filter Effic. 99.0%

- Filter Weight 6 lbs
- Filter Satur. 12%
- Filter Life 185 hrs
 - Does not incl. reduction for humidity

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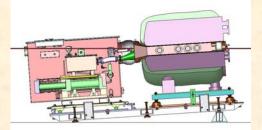
Selected Off-Normal Events and Recovery



- We need to address credible off-normal occurrences and recovery
- 1. Small spill (1 ml) or vapor leak into the secondary containment verified by vapor monitors # 1 and # 2
 - Continue to operate to the expected limit of the filter lifetime based on the measured vapor concentrationanalysis
 - Monitor for changes to vapor readings in the secondary enclosure
 - o Monitor air in the tunnel for indications of vapor
 - o if none, continue testing

Note: If only one monitor registers vapors – could be a false-positive; continue to operate if #3 reads <0.0125 mg/m³

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Off-Normal Events (cont.)



- 2. Medium spill (100 ml) into secondary containment verified by vapor monitors # 1 and # 2
 - Continue to operate to the expected limit of the filter lifetime based on measured vapor concentration-analysis
 - Monitor for any changes to vapor readings in the secondary enclosure
 - Monitor air in the tunnel for indications of vapor; if none, continue testing
 - If approaching limit of filter life consider connecting the snorkel to extend the time of operation, if that allows completion of the test program.

(Note: Connecting the snorkel may require a waiting period of one or more days for a safe activation level; therefore the snorkel may be already connected but not turned on.)

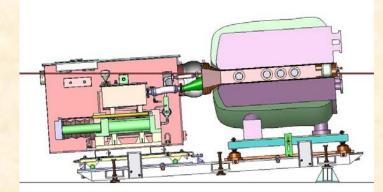
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Off-Normal Events (cont.)



- 3. Full inventory spill into the secondary containment
 - Monitor target instruments for clues to the source of leakage
 - Verify by checking sump tank level sensor, conductivity sensor, and nozzle pressure sensor
 - Cease operations, wait for cool down to visually inspect
 - Monitor air in the tunnel for indications of vapor
 - Seal inlet and outlet vents on secondary enclosure
 - Wait for additional cool down to permit hands on recovery and storage of Hg.



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Off-Normal Events (cont.)



- 4. Vapors detected outside of secondary containment by monitor # 3 - assume the secondary containment is breached or that the filter is saturated
 - Confirm with readings from #1 and #2 vapor monitors
 - If confirmed ... cease operations
 - If not confirmed ... continue operations
 - o Monitor target instruments for clues to the source of leakage
 - verify by checking sump tank level sensor, conductivity sensor, and nozzle pressure sensor
 - o Wait for cool down, visually inspect and sample local air
 - If levels are above safe limit (0.025 mg/m³??), inspect with full face mask-Hg respirator cartridges
 - Repair breach in enclosure if possible, pressure check, continue test operations

CERN limit ?? mg/m³

OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY U. S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OSHA limit 0.050 mg/m³

ORNL limit 0.025 mg/m³

TTF limit 0.0125 mg/m³



Miscellaneous Equipment For The Target System



Large Items	Small Items
Vacuum Cleaner – Dry	Merc-X Cleaning Solution
Snorkel	Sponges
2 Vapor Monitors	Plastic Buckets
Spare Filters (qty. TBD)	Plastic Pans
Glove Box	Gauze – roll
Vacuum Pump ?	Small Tools
	Vinyl Tape
	Herculite
	Plastic Bags – asst'd (1 gal. – 20 gal.)
	1-liter plastic bottles
	Lab Coats
	Tyvek Hooded Suits
	Nitrile Gloves
	Full Face Mask/Respirator Cartridges

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Post-Experiment Operations



- The target equipment (and the solenoid) will have neutron-induced activation
- Based on (H. Kirk 9/01/04)
 - 200 pulses
 - 16 x 10¹² protons/pulse (avg.)
 - 30 days of operation
 - Contact dose rate on the iron exterior will be:
 - after 1 hr 40 mrad/hr
 - after 1 day 21 mrad/hr
 - after 1 week 13 mrad/hr
 - after 1 mo. 5 mrad/hr
 - after 1 year 1 mrad/hr
 - Sergei Striganov (FNAL) performing separate analysis
- Move experiment out of beam line several days after conclusion, minimizing operator time near equipment

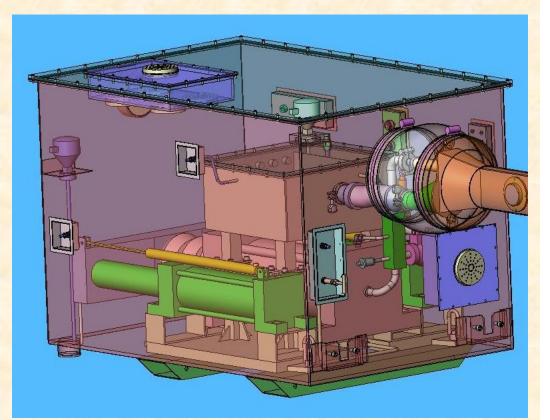
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Hg Draining



- Extract Hg & prepare for shipment after several month cool-down
- CERN requirement that secondary containment not be opened during draining
- Will be trapped Hg in extraction tube, flex hoses, Hg cylinder, plenum



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Disassembly Operations



 ORNL will take back the Hg target system and the activated Hg and components

- Is hydraulic system and fluid activated, or can we adequately shield?
- Hopefully other uses for system will emerge

