The High-Power Target Experiment

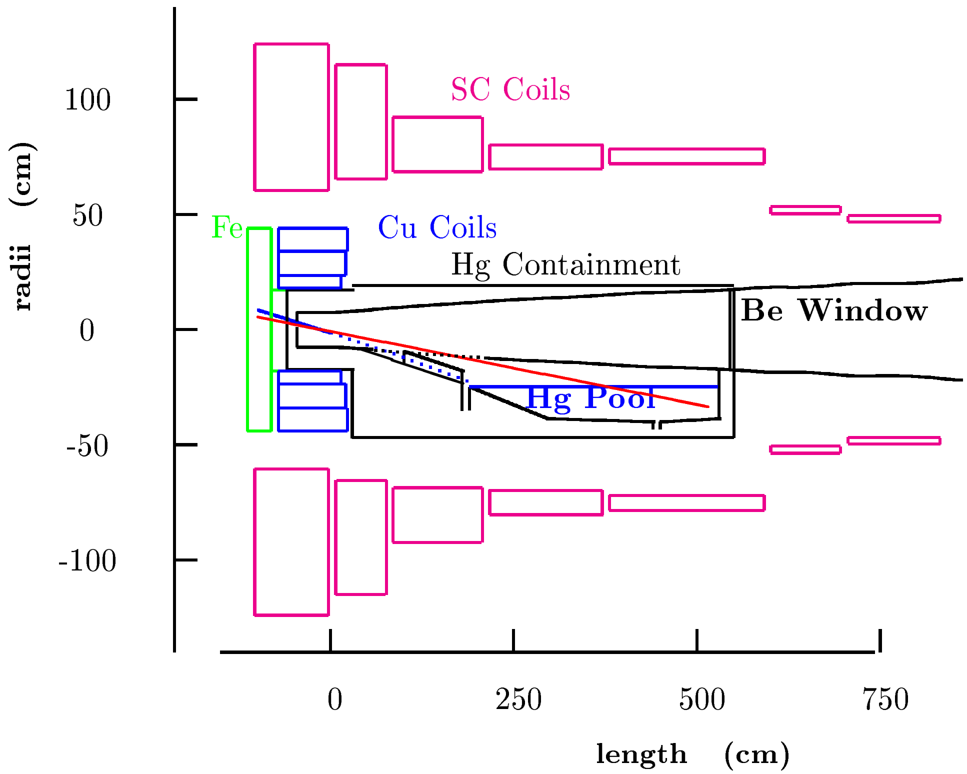
MUTAC Meeting

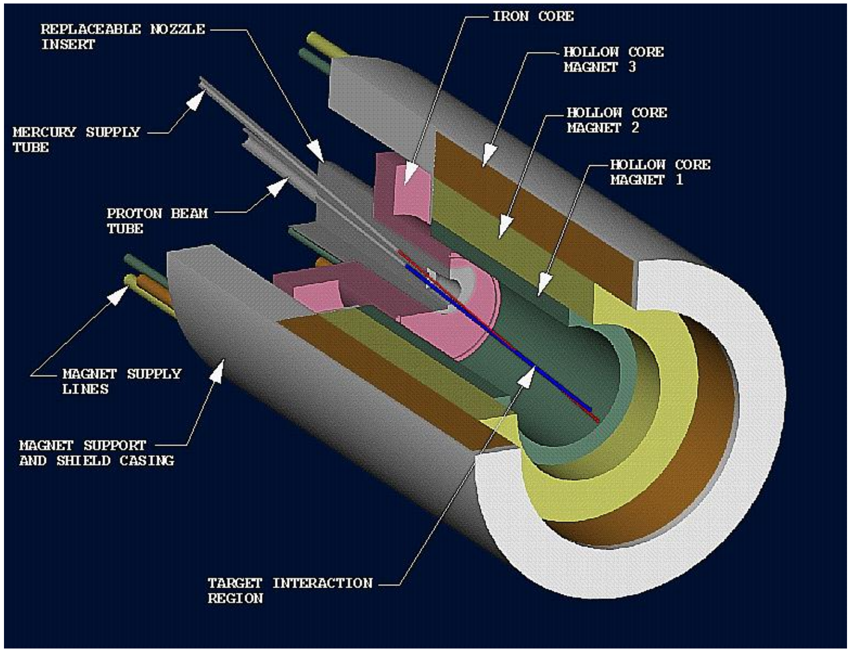
BNL

April 28, 2004

Harold G. Kirk
Brookhaven National Laboratory

Neutrino Factory Targetry Concept





Capture low P_T pions in a high-field solenoid
Use Hg jet tilted with respect to solenoid axis
Use Hg pool as beam dump

Engineered solution--P. Spampinato, ORNL

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High-Z Materials

Key Properties

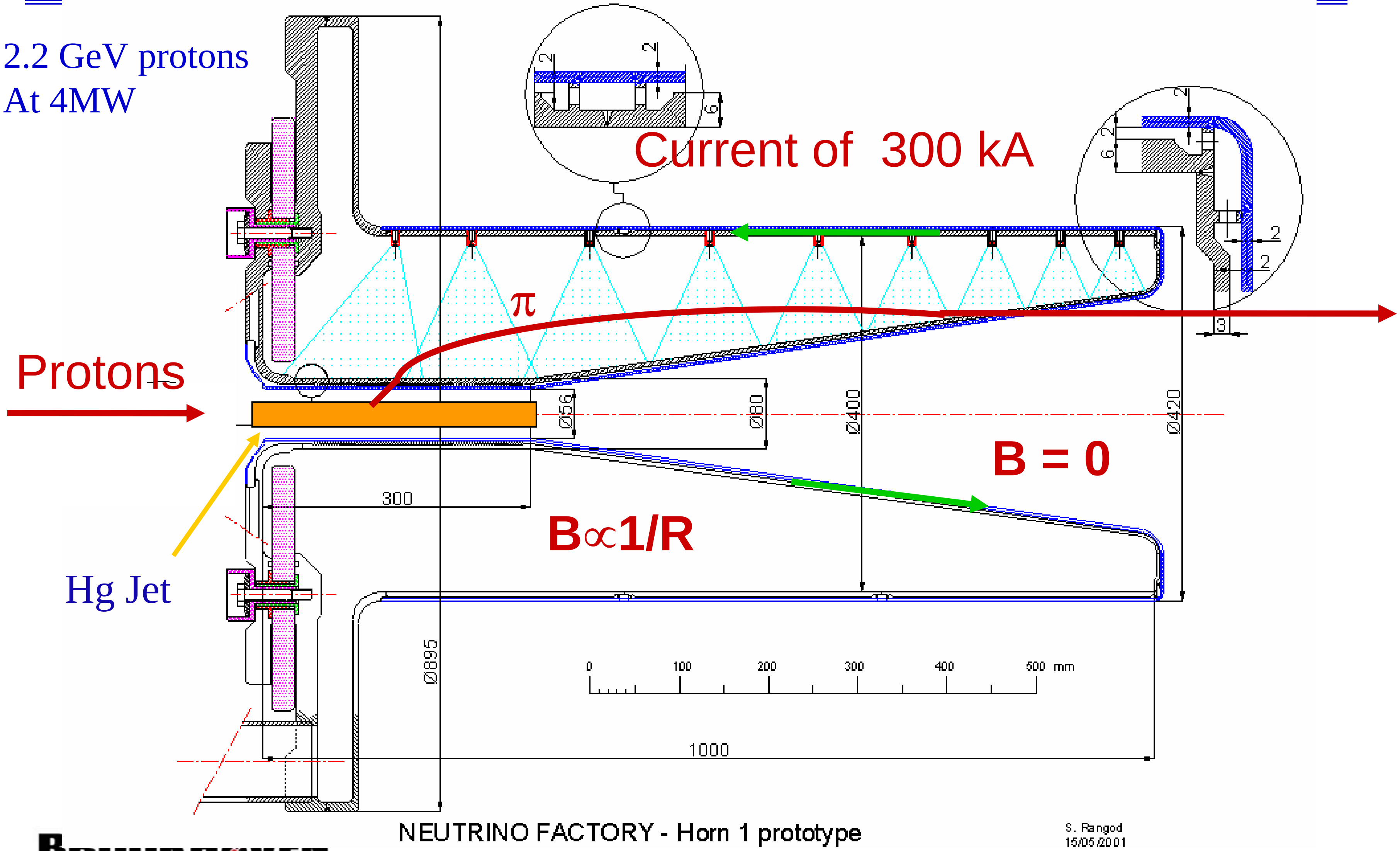
- Maximal soft-pion production
- High pion absorption
- High peak energy deposition
- Liquid (Hg) has potential for extension beyond 4 MW

Key Issues

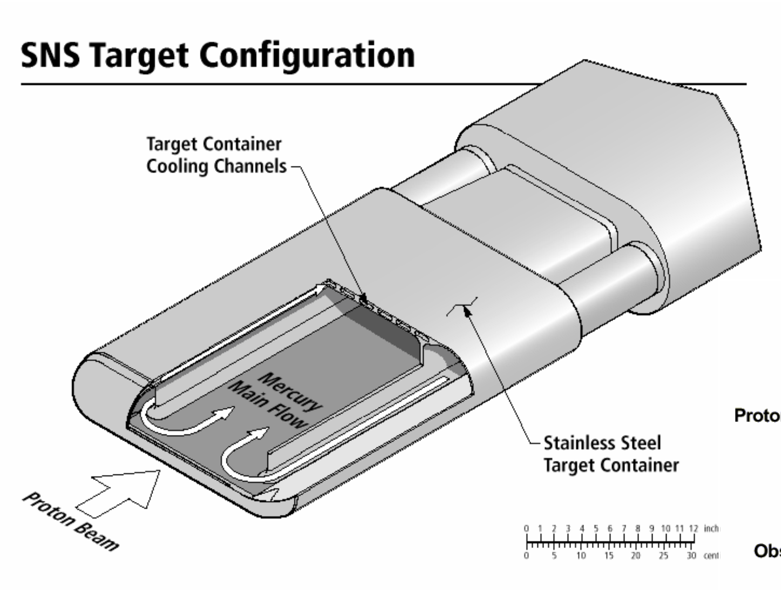
- Jet dynamics in a high-field solenoid
- Target disruption in a high-field solenoid
- Achievement of near-laminar flow for a 20 m/s jet

The SPL Neutrino Horn

2.2 GeV protons
At 4MW

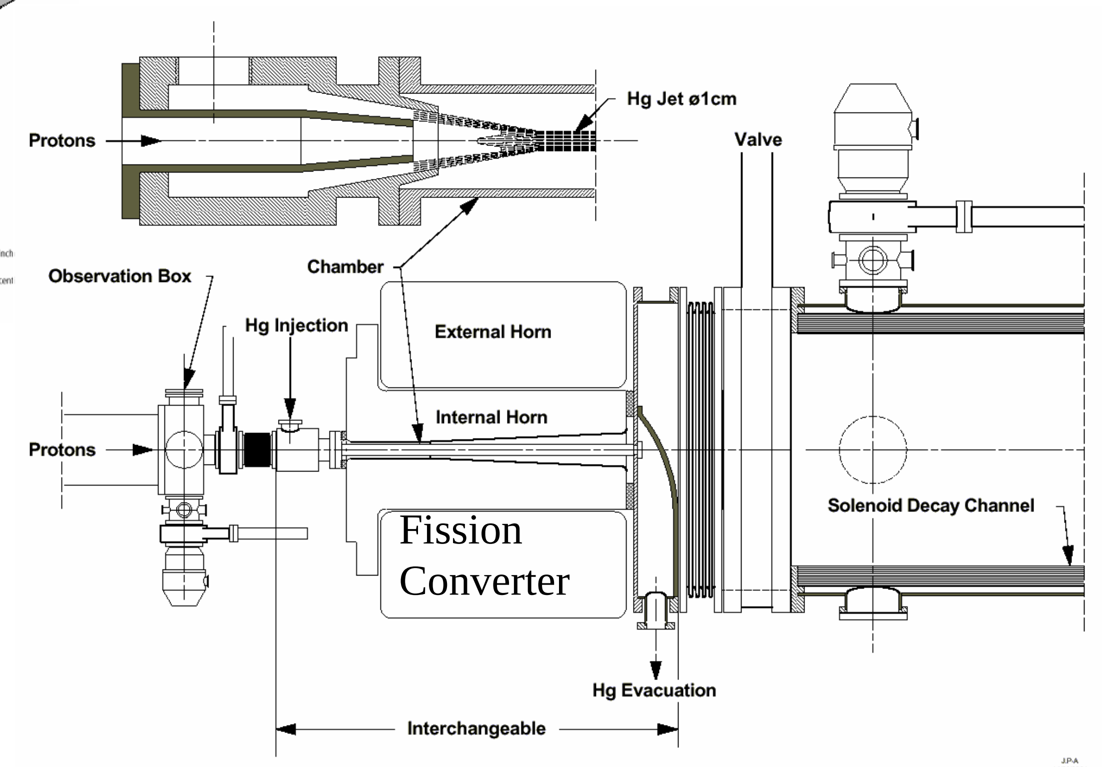


Neutron Production using Hg



SNS Neutron
Spallation Target

Beta Beams



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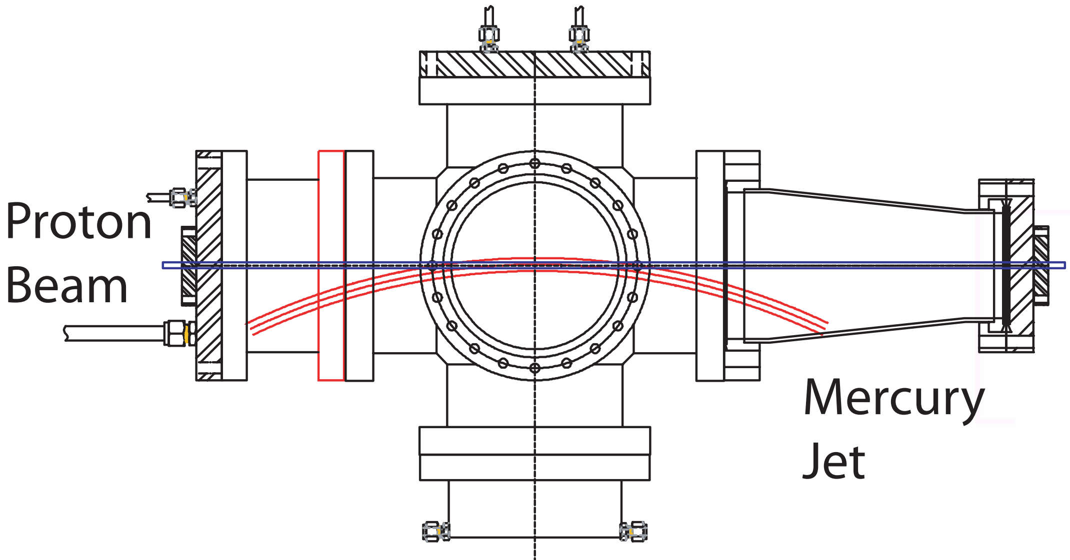
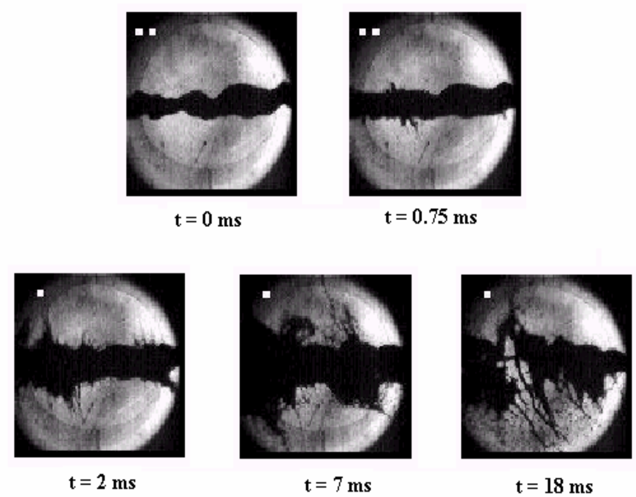
E951 Hg Jet Tests

- 1cm diameter Hg Jet
- 24 GeV 4 TP Proton Beam
- <u>No</u> Magnetic Field





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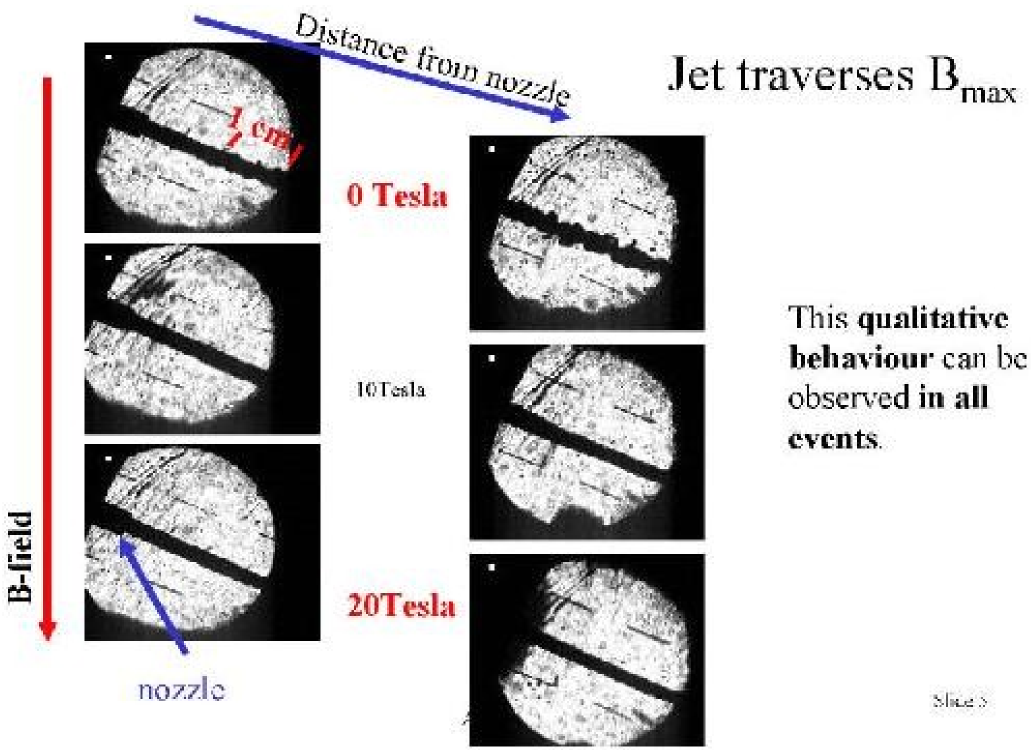
Key E951 Results

- Hg jet dispersal proportional to beam intensity
- Hg jet dispersal ~ 10 m/s for 4 TP 24 GeV beam
- Hg jet dispersal velocities ~ ½ times that of “confined thimble” target
- Hg dispersal is largely transverse to the jet axis -- longitudinal propagation of pressure waves is suppressed
- Visible manifestation of jet dispersal delayed 40 μs

CERN/Grenoble Hg Jet Tests



- **4 mm diameter Hg Jet**
- **v = 12 m/s**
- **0, 10, 20T Magnetic Field**
- **No Proton Beam**

A. Fabich, J. Lettry
Nufact'02

Key Jet/Magnetic Field Results

- The Hg jet is stabilized by the 20 T magnetic field
- Minimal jet deflection for 100 mrad angle of entry
- Jet velocity reduced upon entry to the magnetic field

Bringing it all Together

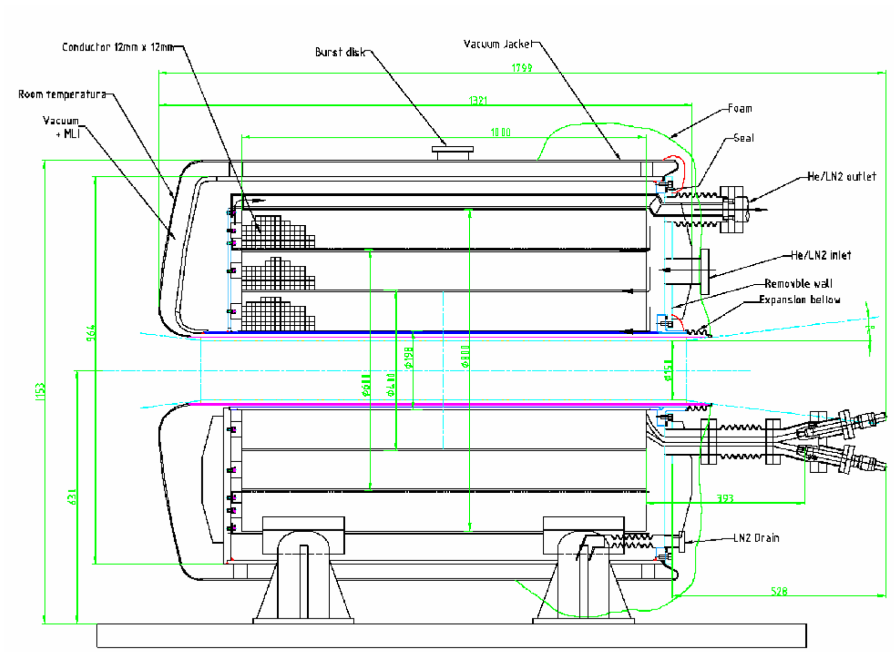
We wish to perform a proof-of-principle test which will include:

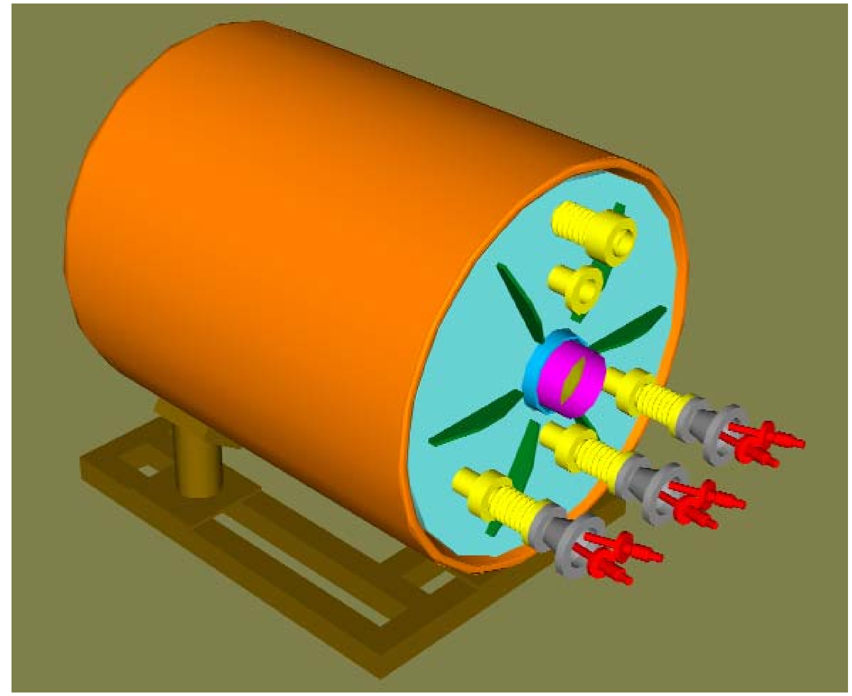
- A high-power intense proton beam (16 to 32 TP per pulse)
- A high (> 15T) solenoidal field
- A high (> 10m/s) velocity Hg jet
- A ~1cm diameter Hg jet

Experimental goals include:

- Studies of 1cm diameter jet entering a 15T solenoid magnet
- Studies of the Hg jet dispersal provoked by an intense pulse of a proton beam in a high solenoidal field
- Studies of the influence of entry angle on jet performance
- Confirm Neutrino factory/Muon Collider Targetry concept

High Field Pulsed Solenoid





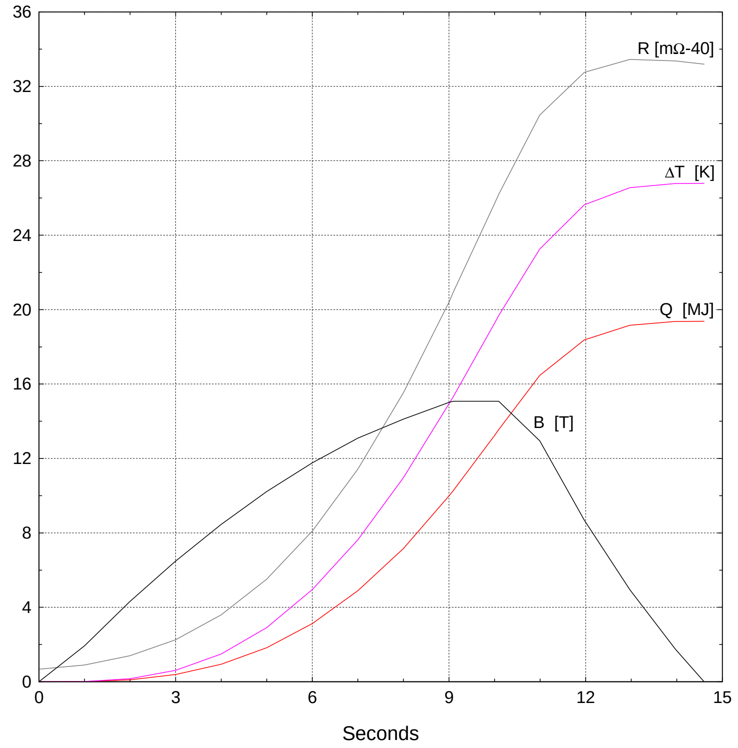
- 70º K Operation
- 15 T with 4.5 MW Pulsed Power
- 15 cm warm bore
- 1 m long beam pipe

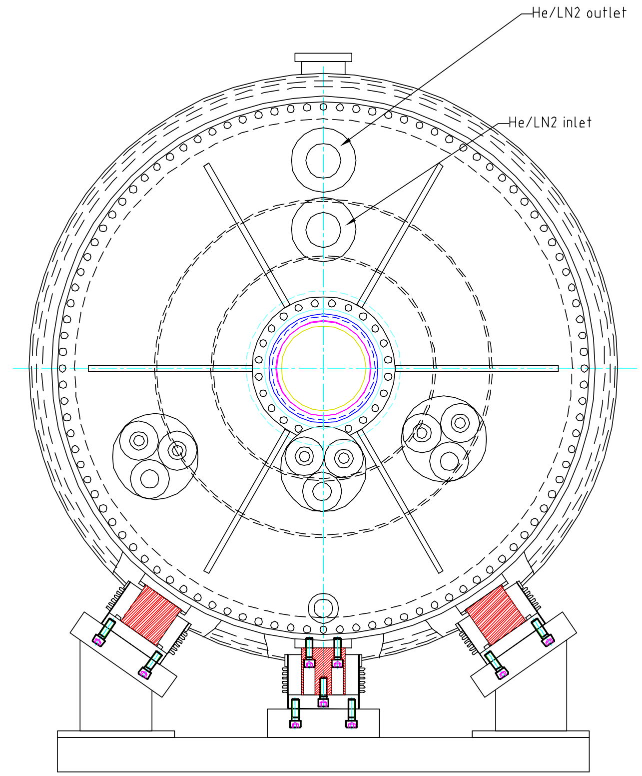
Peter Titus, MIT

Harold G. Kirk

Pulsed Solenoid Performance

Pulse Coil Cooled to 70 K and Charged to 7200 A at 600 V, then -600 V





15T Peak Field with 4.5 MVA PS at 69^{O} K

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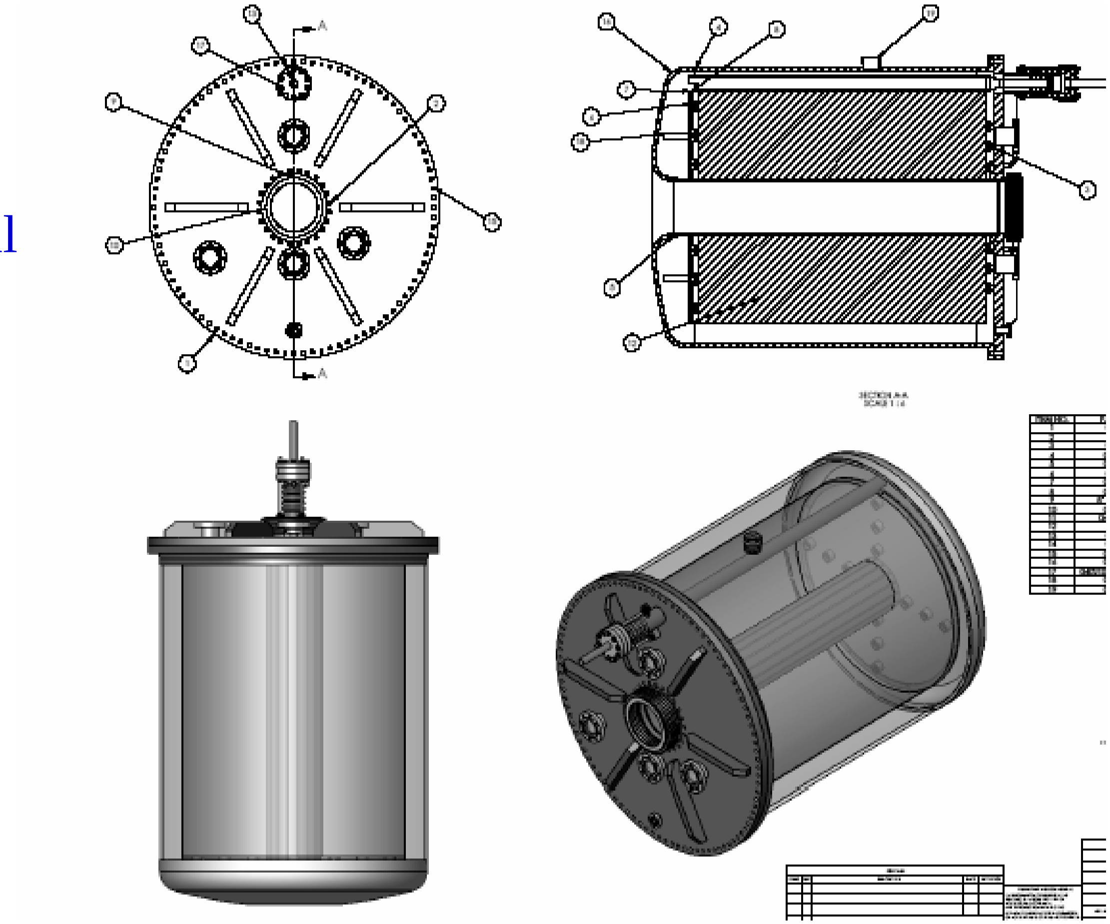
Fabrication Contract has been Awarded

CVIP has been awarded the contract for the pulsed solenoid.

They are responsible for the cryostat and integration of the coil package into the cryostat.

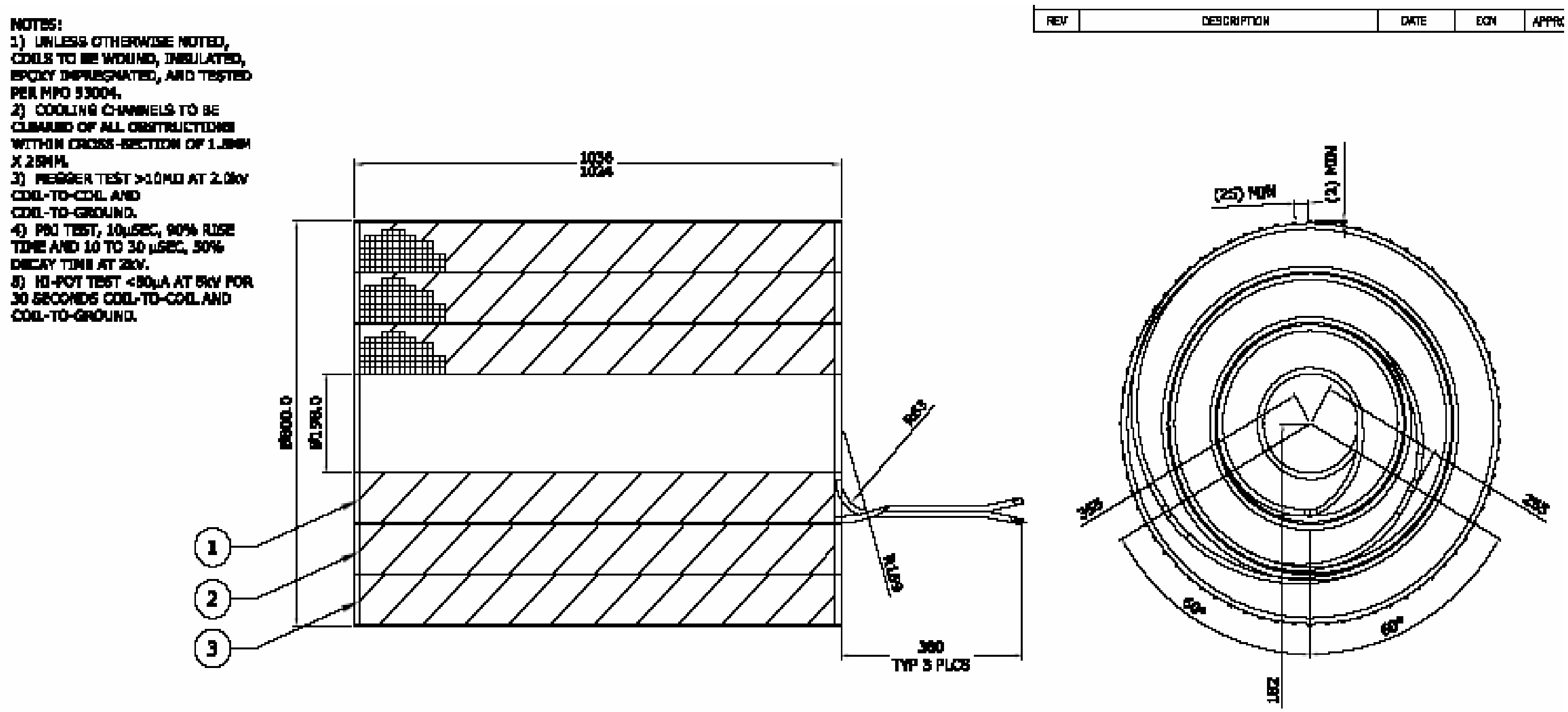
We are now receiving build-to-print drawings from CVIP for approval.

Scheduled delivery is Sept. 2004



Coil Fabrication

Everson Tesla, Inc has been sub-contracted to fabricate the coils



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Inner Coil Bend Test

Key Milestones

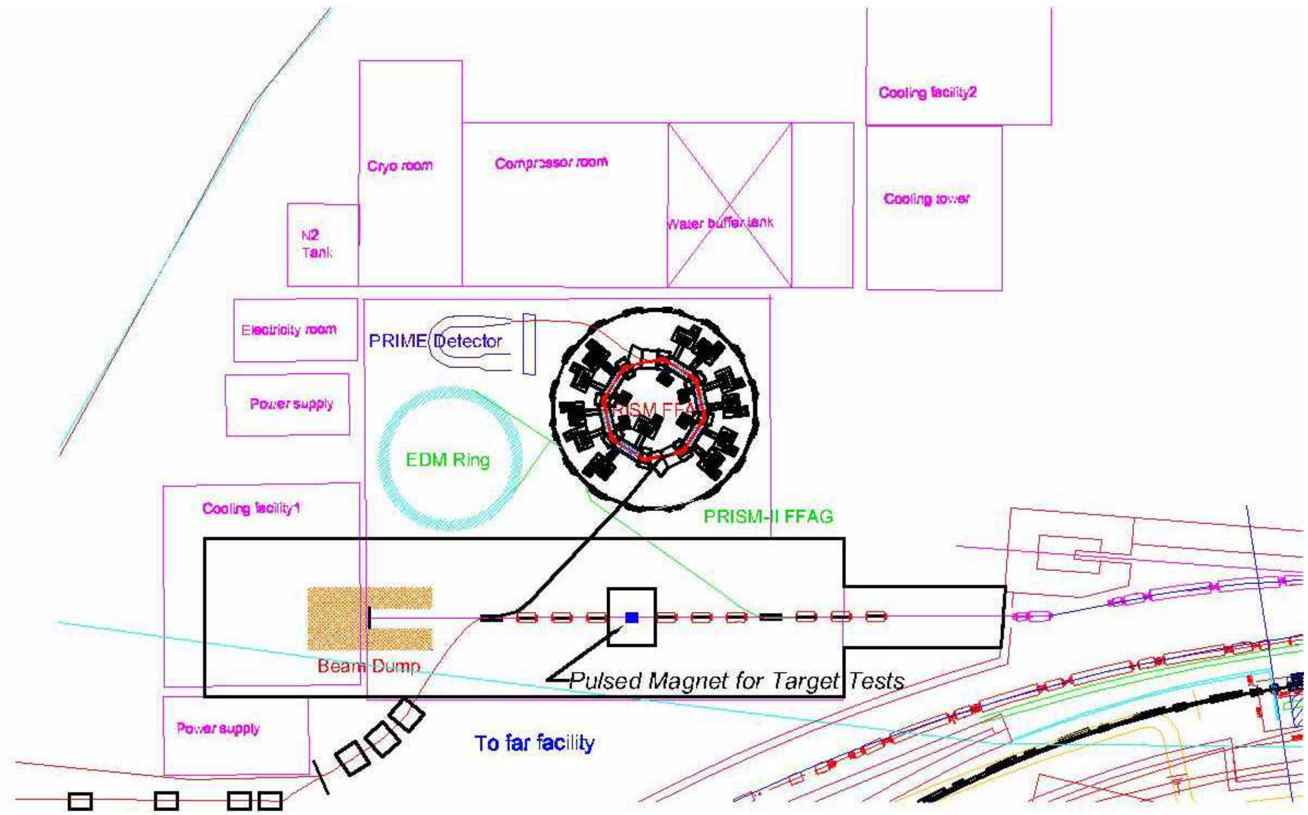
- Long lead items (copper conductor) have been ordered
- Bend test of copper stock with the specified hardness has been performed to the radius required for the inner coil set.

Possible Target Test Station Sites

Accelerator Complex Parameters:

Parameter	BNL AGS	CERN PS	RAL ISIS	LANCE WNR	JPARC RCS	JPARC MR
Proton Energy, GeV	24	24	0.8	0.8	3	50
p/bunch, 10^{12}	6	4 (7 CNGS)	10	28	42	42
Bunch/cycle	12	8	2	1	2	9
p/cycle, 10^{12}	72	28 (56 CNGS)	20	28	83	300
Cycle length, μs	2.2	2.0	0.3	0.25	0.6	4.2
Availability (?)	07	06	06	Now	08	09

Possible Targetry Test at JPARC



Letter of Intent submitted January 21, 2003 – presented June 27, 2003

Proposal to Isolde and nToF Committee

CERN-INTC-2003-033
INTC-I-049
26 April 2004

A Proposal to
the ISOLDE and Neutron Time-of-Flight Experiments
Committee

Studies of a Target System for
a 4-MW, 24-GeV Proton Beam

J. Roger J. Bennett[1], Luca Bruno[2], Chris J. Densham[1], Paul V. Drumm[1],
T. Robert Edgecock[1], Tony A. Gabriel[3], John R. Haines[3], Helmut Haseroth[2],
Yoshinari Hayato[4], Steven J. Kahn[5], Jacques Lettry[2], Changguo Lu[6], Hans Ludewig[5],
Harold G. Kirk[5], Kirk T. McDonald[6], Robert B. Palmer[5], Yarema Prykarpatskyy[5],
Nicholas Simos[5], Roman V. Samulyak[5], Peter H. Thieberger[5], Koji Yoshimura[4]

Spokespersons: H.G. Kirk, K.T. McDonald
Local Contact: H. Haseroth

Participating Institutions

1) RAL
2) CERN
3) KEK
4) BNL
5) ORNL
6) Princeton University

Proposal submitted April 26, 2004

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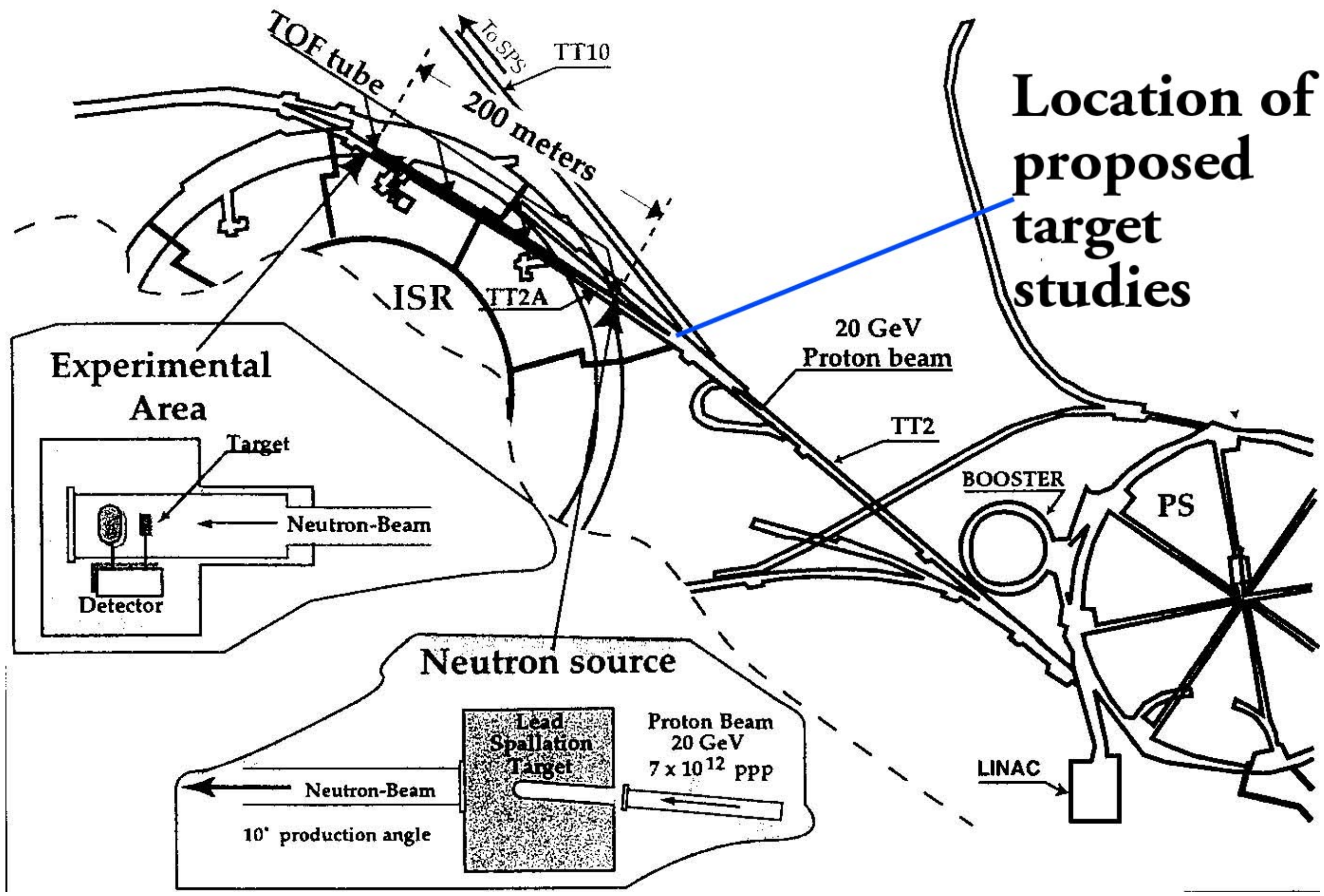
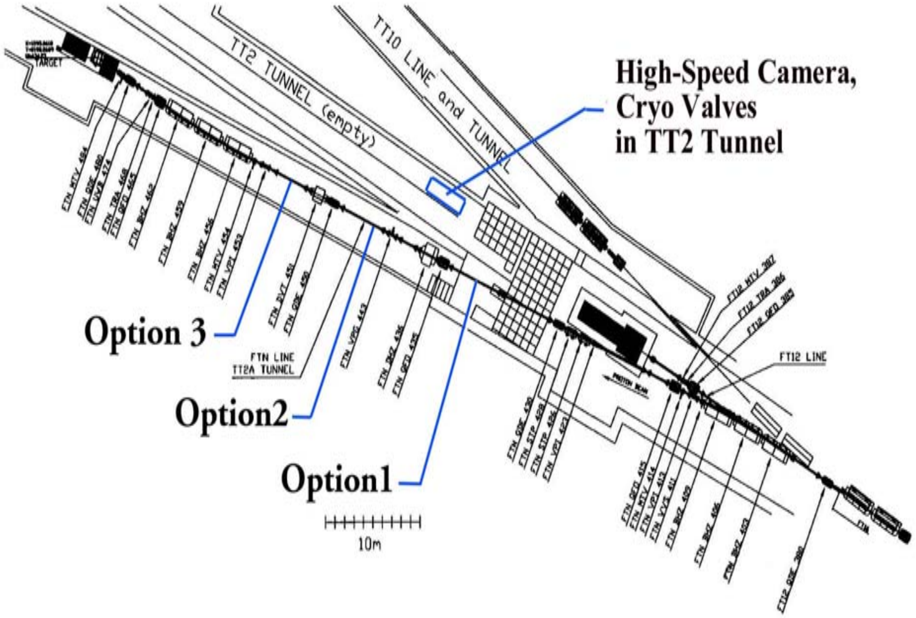
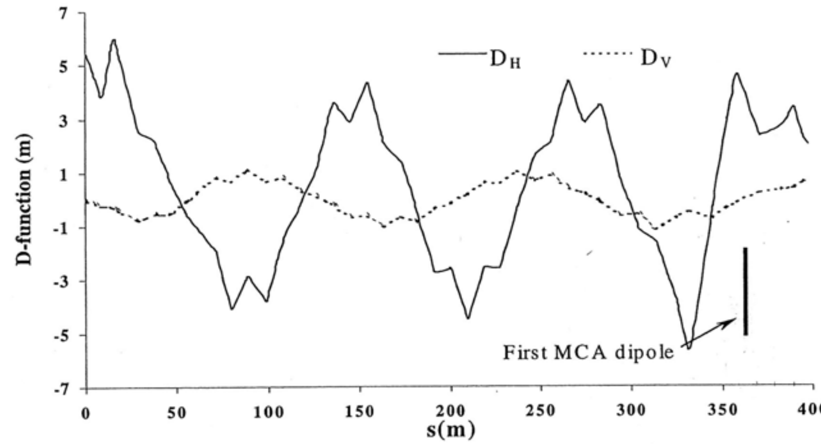
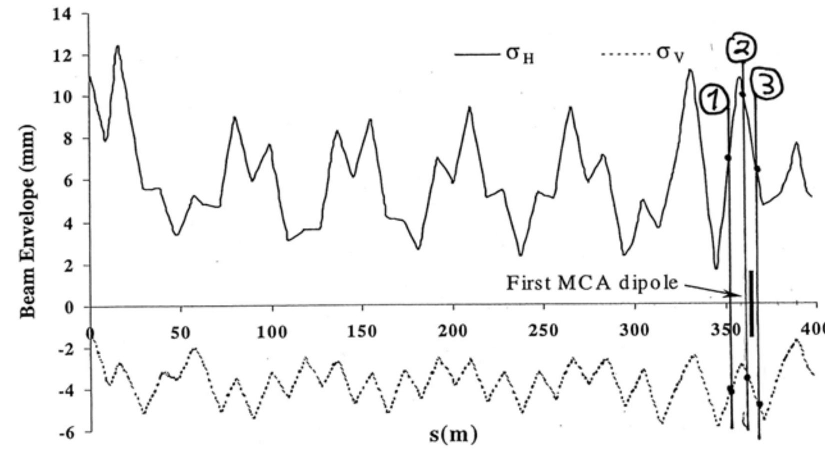
Target Test Site at CERN



The TT2a Beam Line







We propose running without longitudinal bunch compression allowing for a reduced beam spot size of ~ 2mm rms radius.

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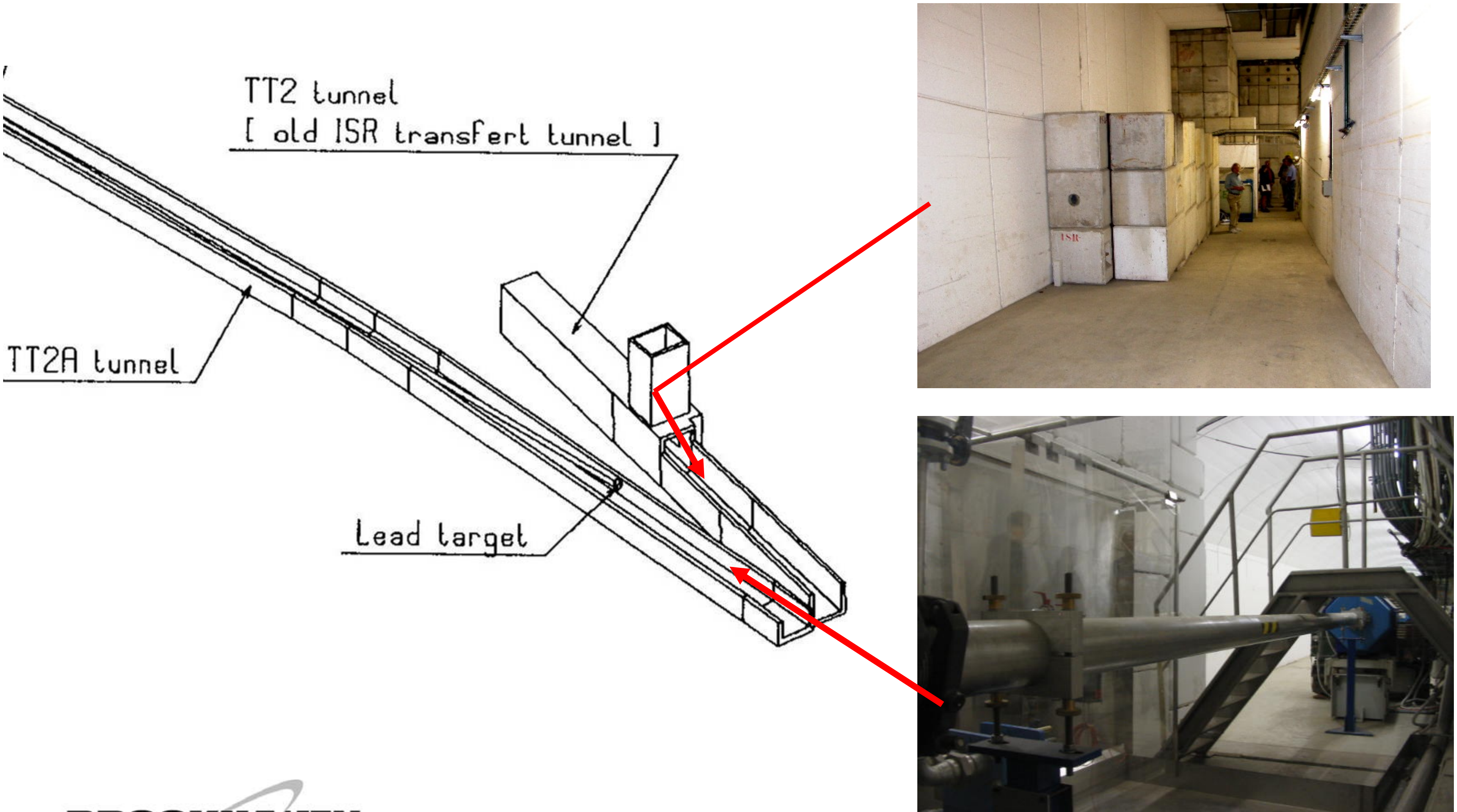
Experiment Location at CERN



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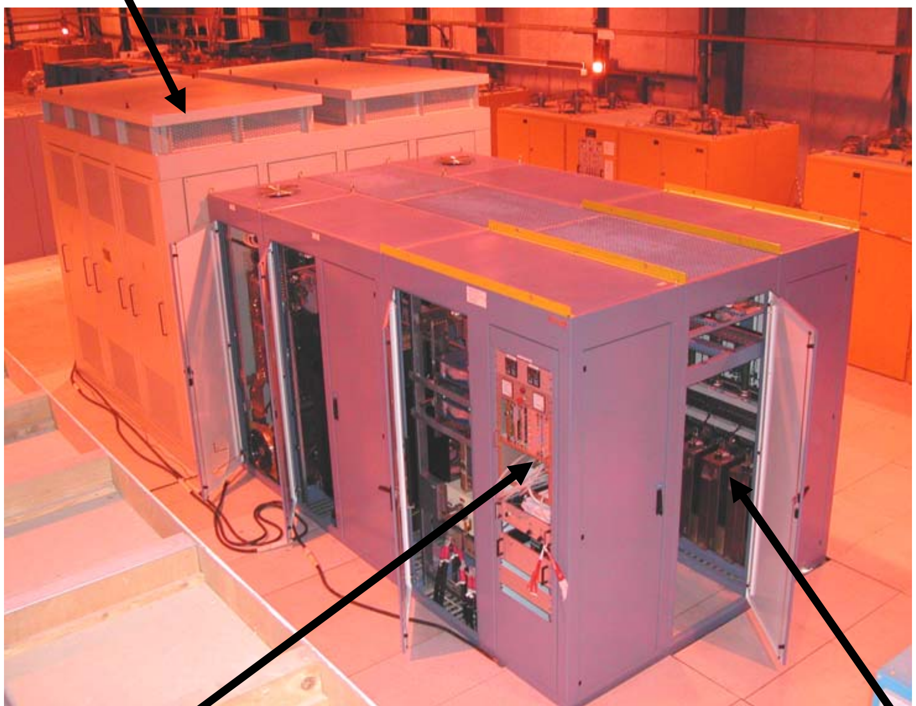
CERN proposed power supply solution type ALICE/LHCb, rated 950V, 6500A

2 x Power transformers in parallel, housed in the same cubicle



High precision current control electronics

2 x rectifier bridges in parallel

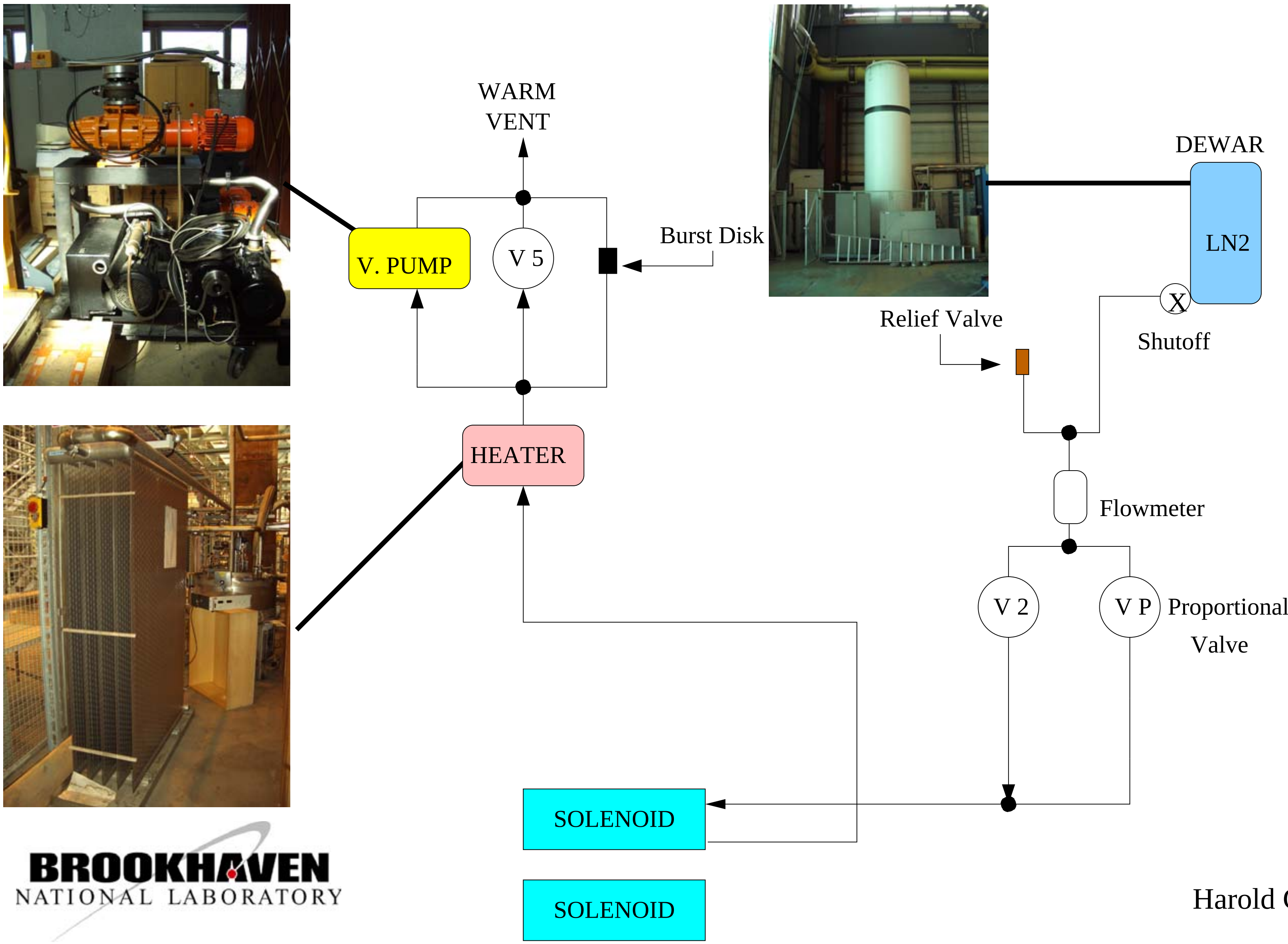
Total DC output ratings:
6500Adc, 950Vdc, 6.7 MW

AC input ratings (per rectifier bridge):
2858Arms, 900Vac (at no load), 4.5 MVA

Each power transformer ratings
Primary side: 154Arms, 18kVac
Secondary side: 3080Arms, 900Vac
Nominal power: 4.8 MVA

Other
- Air forced cooling;
- Fed by two18 kV lines

Cryogenic Flow Scheme



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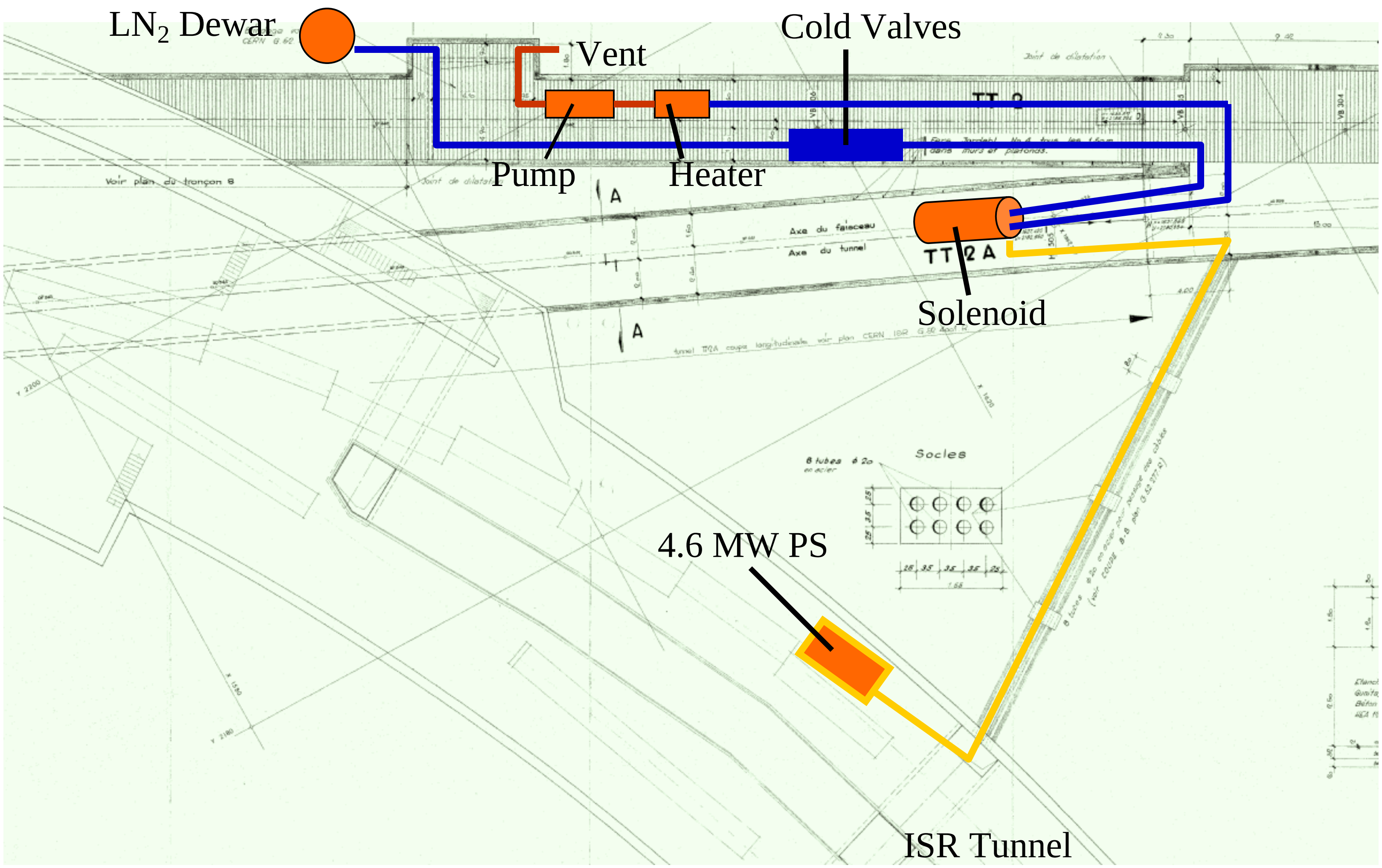
Surface above the ISR

Layout of the Experiment



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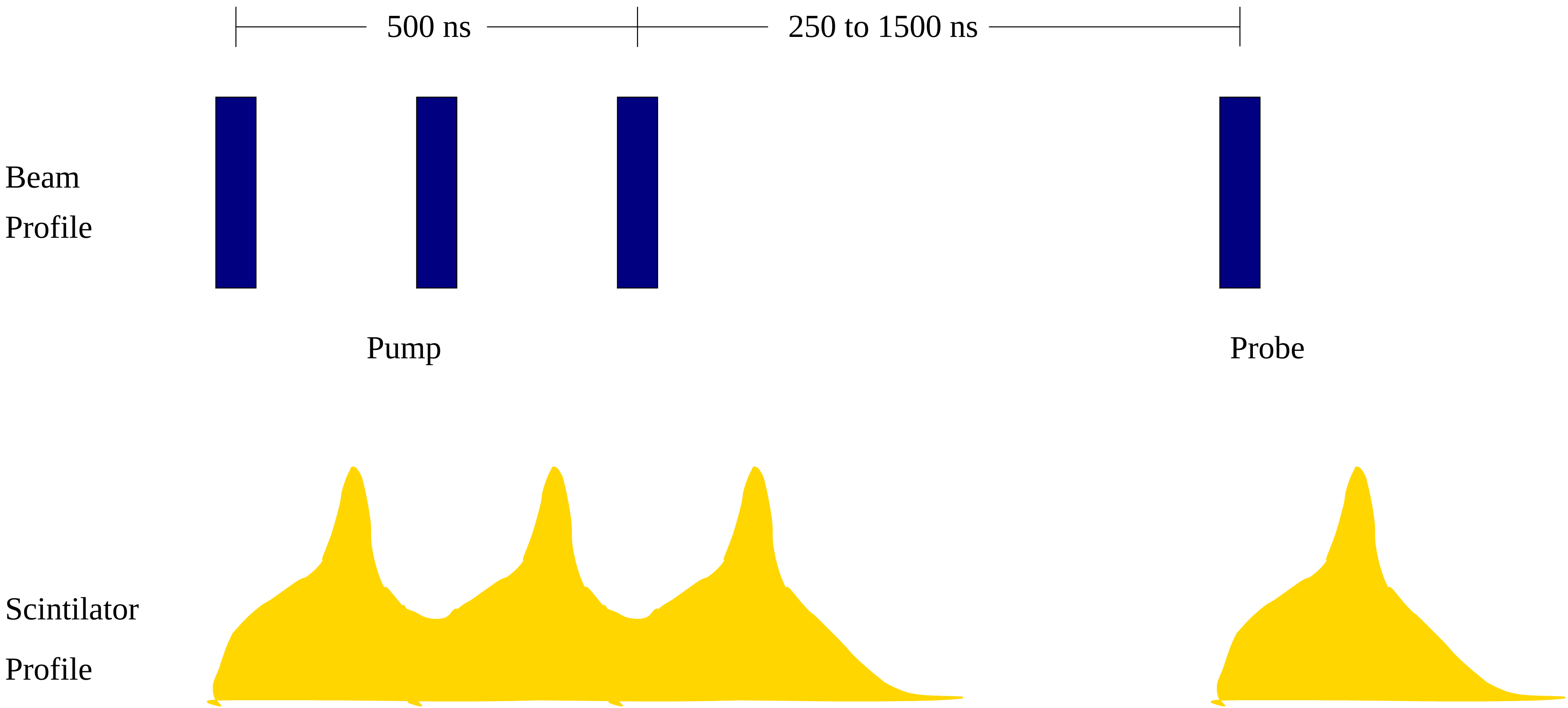
Run plan for PS beam spills

Our Beam Profile request allows for:

- Varying beam charge intensity from 5 TP to 20 TP
- Studying influence of solenoid field strength on beam dispersal (B_o from 0 to 15T)
- Vary beam/jet overlap
- Study possible cavitation effects by varying PS spill structure—Pump/Probe

Charge	Bucket Structure	Bo	Beam Shift	Number of Shots
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	5	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	10	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	+5mm	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	+2.5mm	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	-2.5mm	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-4	15	-5mm	2
1 x 5TP	1	15	0	2
2 x 5TP	1-2	15	0	2
3 x 5TP	1-2-3	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-5	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-5	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-6	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-6	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-7	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-7	15	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-8	0	0	2
4 x 5TP	1-2-3-8	15	0	2
Total				38

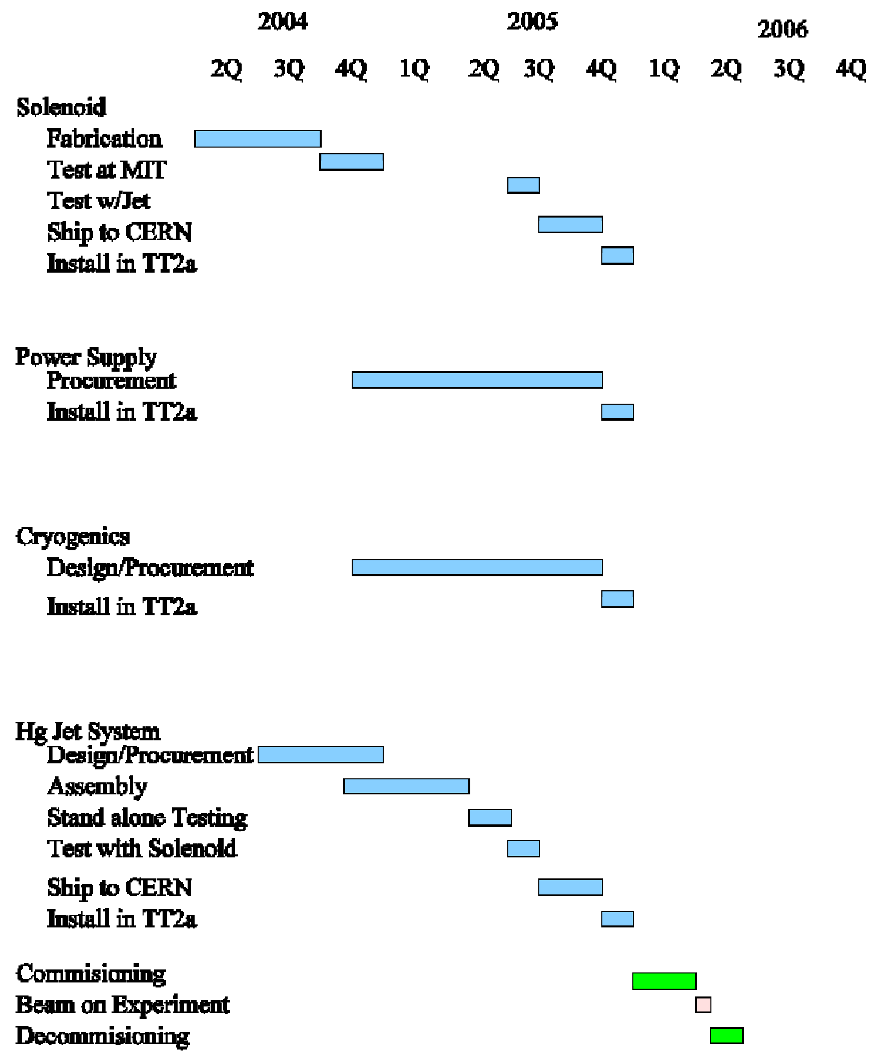
PS Extracted Beam Profile



Experiment Schedule

Key to plan is the scheduled shutdown of PS/SPS operations for 2005. We have an excellent opportunity to install the experiment and commission the experiment before the April 2006 resumption of PS operations.

- Installation 4th Q 2005
- Commissioning 1st Q 2006
- Beam on target April 2006
- Equipment removal end of April, 2006
- nTOF resumes May 2006.



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Pulsed Solenoid Project Cost Profile

Magnet

Engineering	$ 350 K	$ 350 K
Fabrication	$ 410 K	$ 410 K
Testing	$ 90 K	
Shipping	$ 15 K	
Installation	$ 20 K	
Decommission	$ 25 K	

Power Supply (CERN Solution)

Engineering	$ 70 K	$ 20 K
Procurement	$ 300 K	
Installation	$ 80 K	
Decommission	$ 20 K	
Contingency	$ 70 K	

Beam Diagnostics

Beam Profile	$ 40 K
Beam Dump	$ 25 K
Scintillators	$ 10 K

Cryogenics System

(Assume CERN supplied components)

Engineering	$ 90 K	$ 45 K
Procurements	$ 50 K	
Control System	$ 40 K	
Installation	$110 K	
Decommission	$ 10 K	
Contingency	$ 40 K	

Hg Jet System

Engineering	$ 30 K
Procurements	$ 45 K
Optical System	$ 35 K
Decommission	$20 K
Contingency	$ 20 K

Support Services

Data Acquisition	$ 30 K
Project Management	$150 K

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Cost Summary

	System Costs	Spent to date
Magnet System	$ 910 K	$ 760 K
Power Supply	$ 540 K	$ 20 K
Cryogenics	$ 340 K	$ 45 K
Hg Jet System	$ 150 K	
Beam Systems	$ 75 K	
Support Services	$ 190 K	
Total	$ 2205 K	$ 825 K

→ Remaining Costs $ 1380K