

# Targetry and Capture for the Muon Collider

Harold G. Kirk  
Brookhaven National Laboratory

Muon Collider Collaboration Meeting  
Berkeley, California  
October 8, 1998

## Outline

1. The Baseline
2. Targetry/Capture Issues
3. The Targetry R&D Program
4. Alternative Approaches

# The current Scenario

$\mu$ 's/bunch:

In the Collider :  $2 \times 10^{12}$

Losses in Acceleration (1/2) :  $4 \times 10^{12}$

Losses in Cooling (1/2) :  $8 \times 10^{12}$

Capture efficiency (1/2) :  $16 \times 10^{12}$

Proton beam:

Pions/Protons (0.6) :  $2.7 \times 10^{13} \Rightarrow 70 \text{ kW}$

(16 GeV/c protons and  $0.05 < p_\pi < 0.80 \text{ GeV/c}$ )

Bunches/Pulse (4) : 280 kW

15 Hz Operation : 4 MW

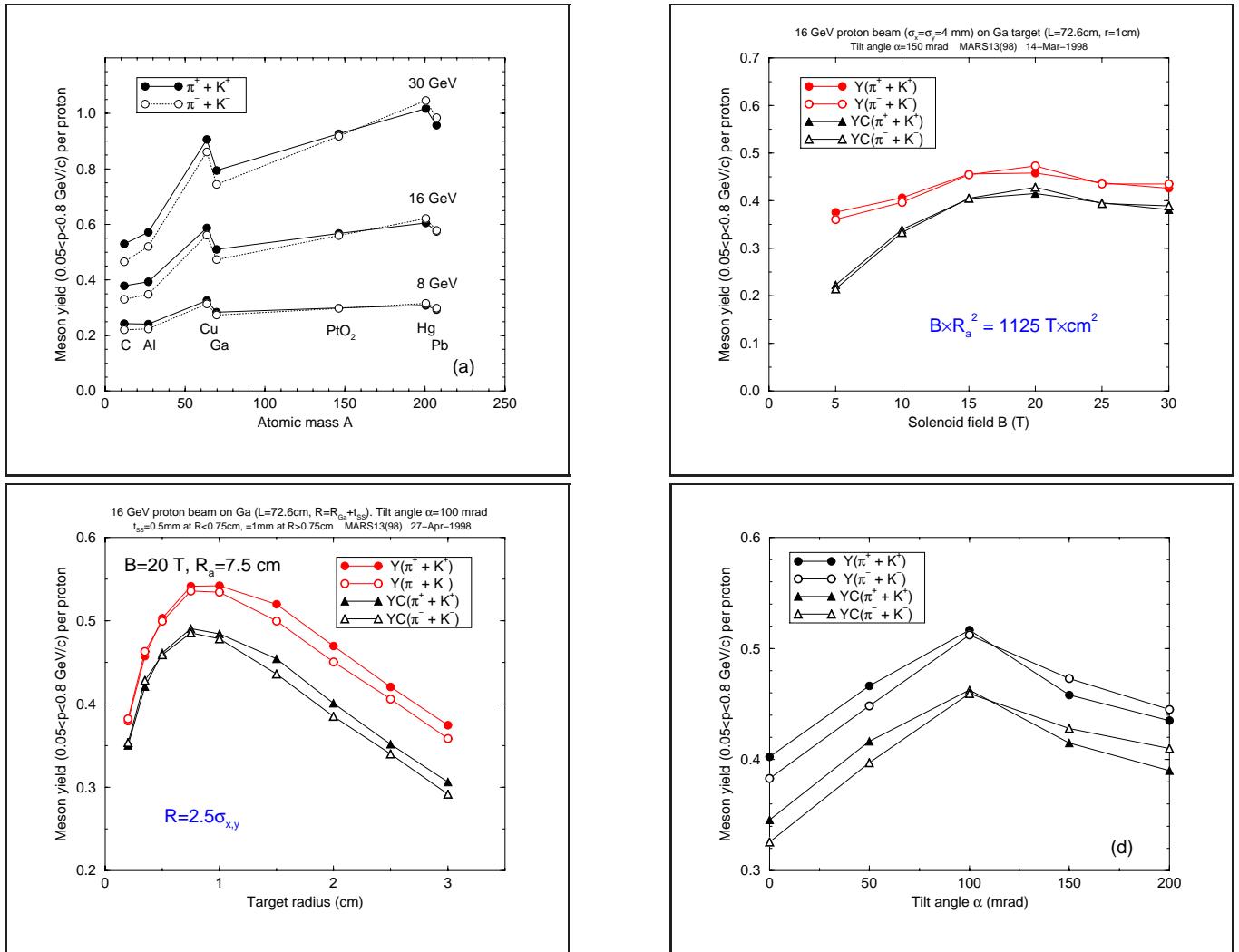
Power on the Target:

Per Pulse : 28 kW

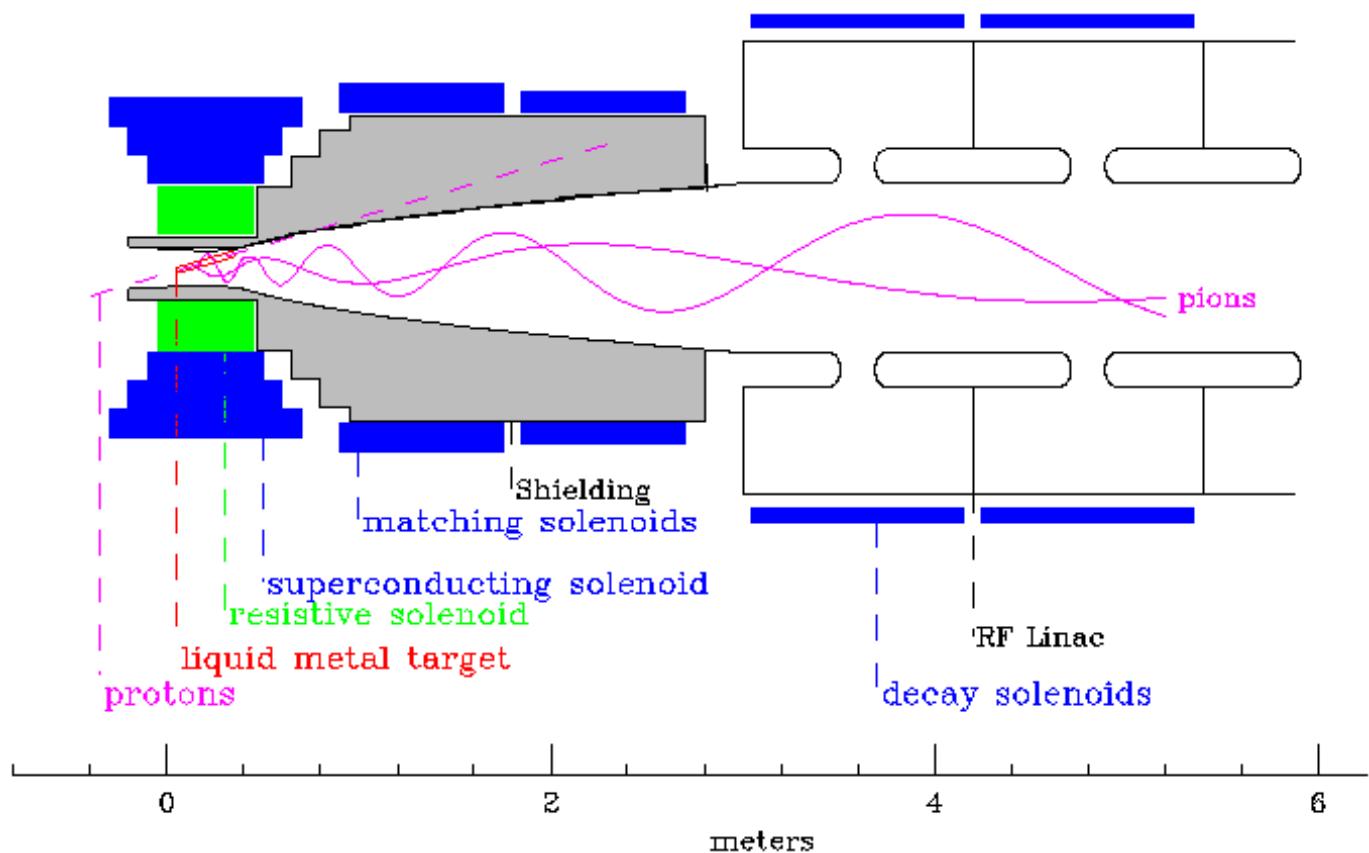
15 Hz Operation : 400 kW

# N. Mokhov

## PION PRODUCTION

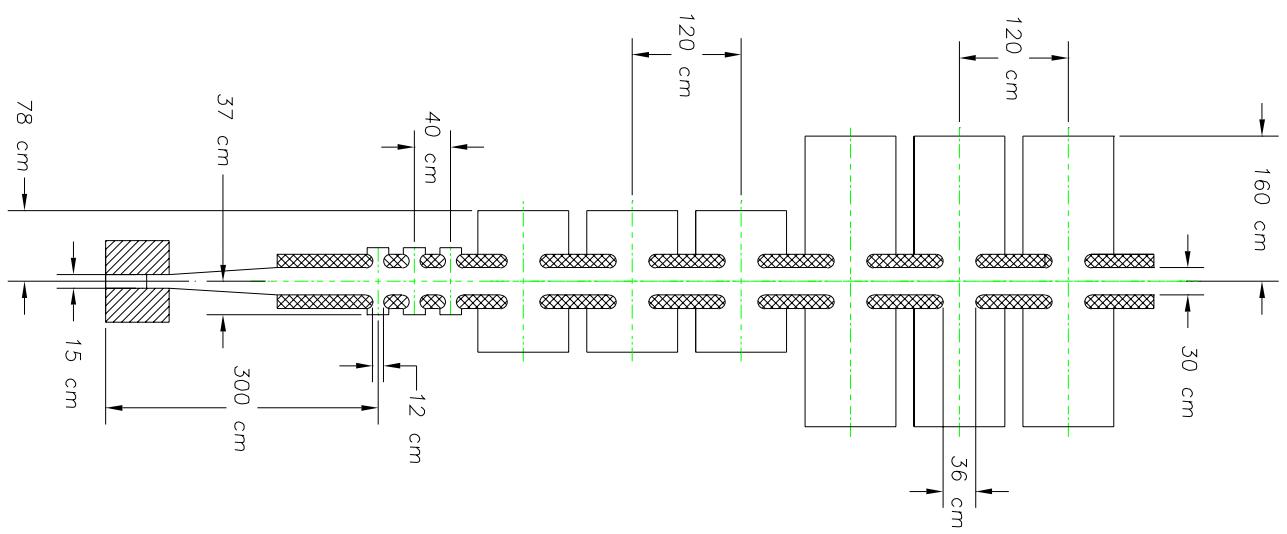


# TARGET, CAPTURE & DECAY



- TARGET:Liquid Metal Jet
- CAPTURE:20 T Solenoid
- BEAM DUMP
- MATCHING
- DECAY & PHASE ROT:1.25 T

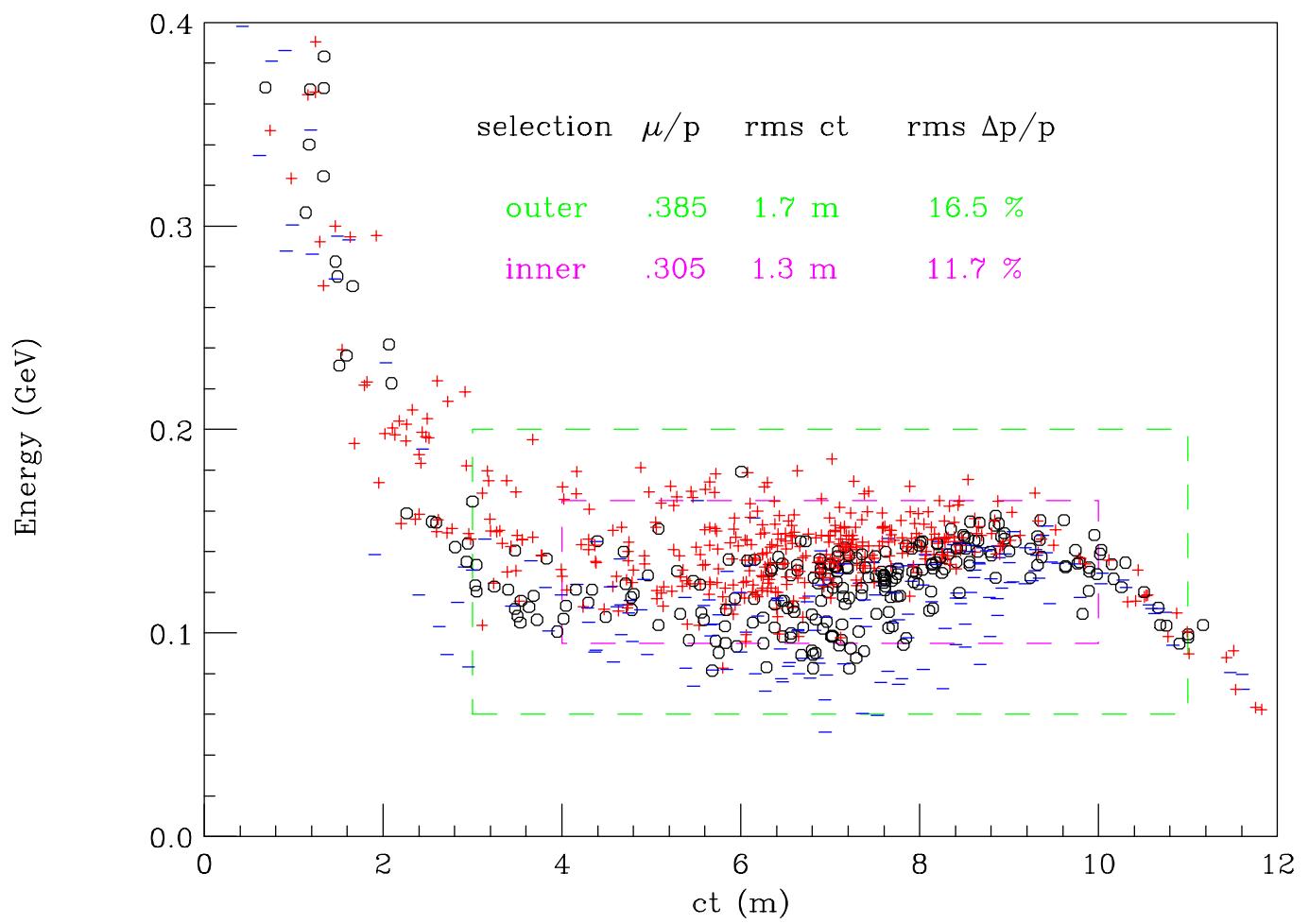
# Phase Rotation Channel



R. Palmer

# Muons at End of Phase Rotation

- + muons with  $P > \frac{1}{3}$
- muons with  $P < -\frac{1}{3}$



# Targetry Challenges

Require  $> 10^{15}$  protons/sec onto high-Z target

- Proton beam power  $\approx 4$  MW on target
- Need thermohydrodynamic modeling of target

Solid Target may not be feasible

Free Liquid Metal Jet Possible

- Contained liquids may explode

Capture in 20 T SC Solenoid

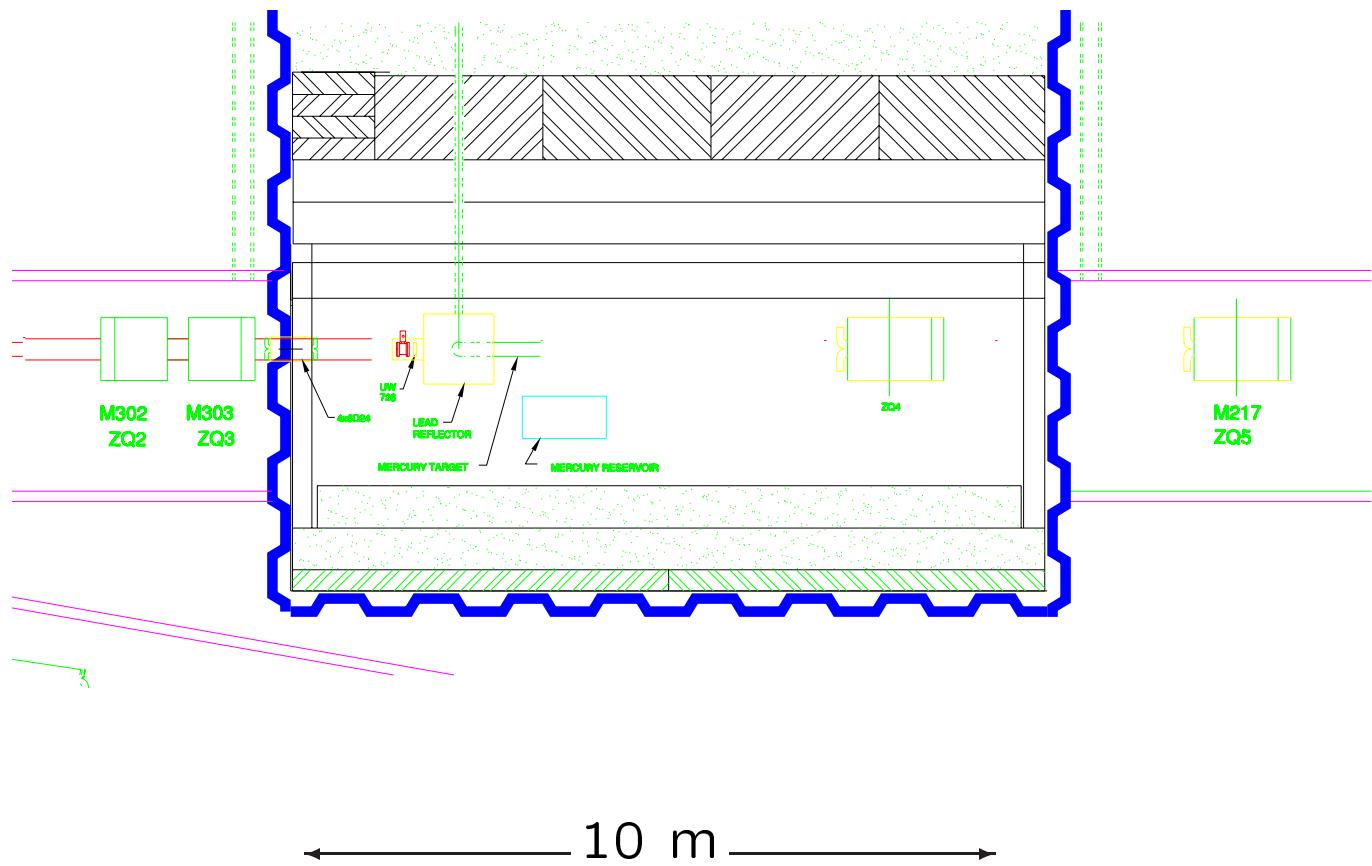
- Need magnetohydrodynamic modeling of target in 20T field

Operation of rf Cavity in High-radiation Environment

# **Targetry R & D Program**

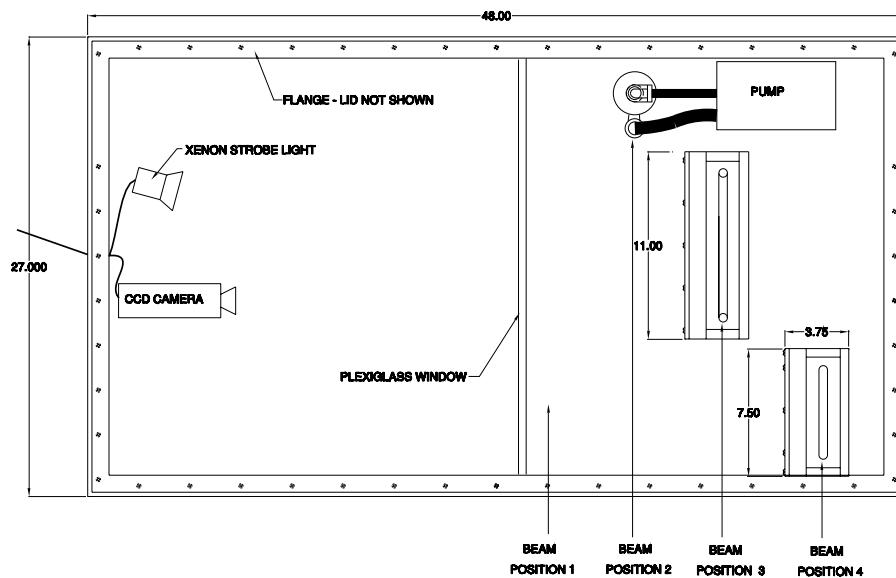
1. Studies of liquids and solids in proton beam
2. Liquid-metal jet in 20T solenoid at NFMFL
3. Liquid-metal jet in  $10^{14}$  ppp beam
4. Liquid-metal jet in proton beam + 20T
5. Studies of 70 MHz Cavity downstream of target with proton beam–no 1.25 T solenoid
6. Studies of 70 MHz Cavity downstream of target with proton beam—with 1.25 T solenoid
7. Characterization of pion yield
8. Simulation of liquid metal performance

# The Neutrino Blockhouse

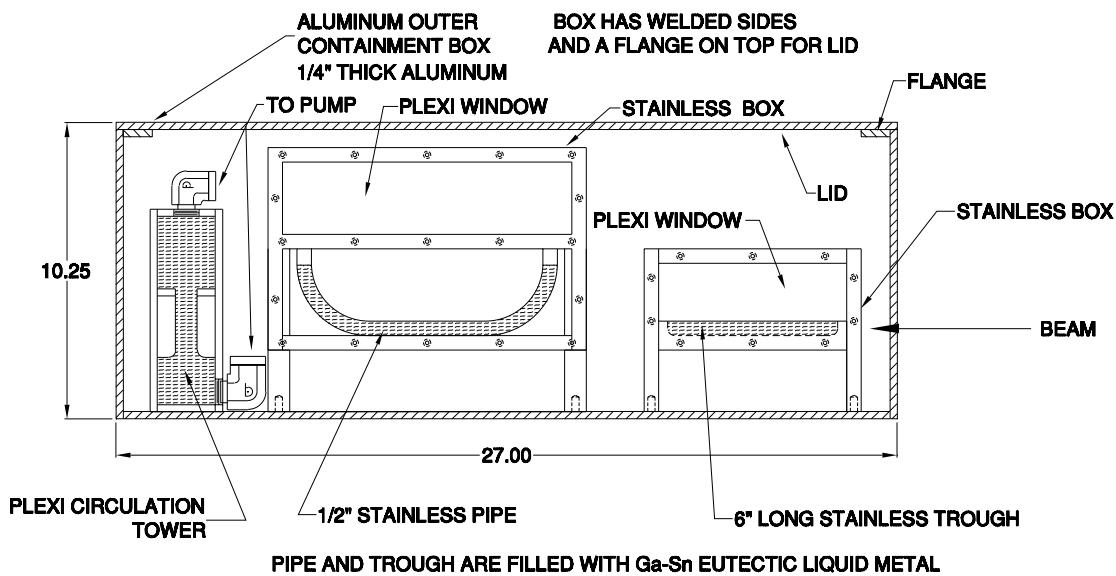


# Initial Beam/Liquid Experiment

TOP VIEW

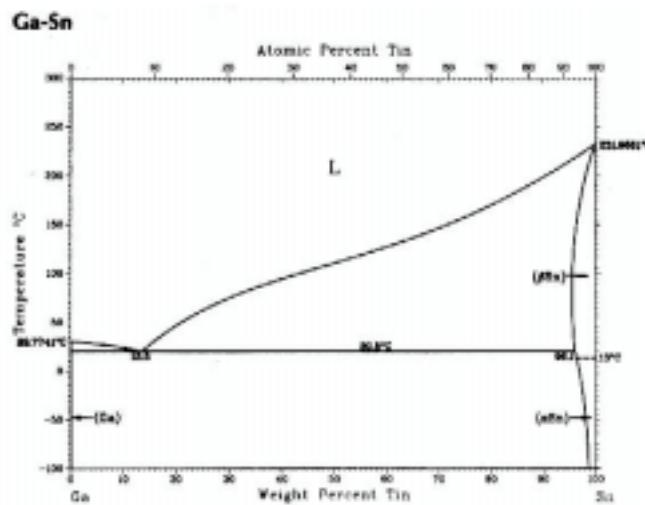


CAMERA VIEW



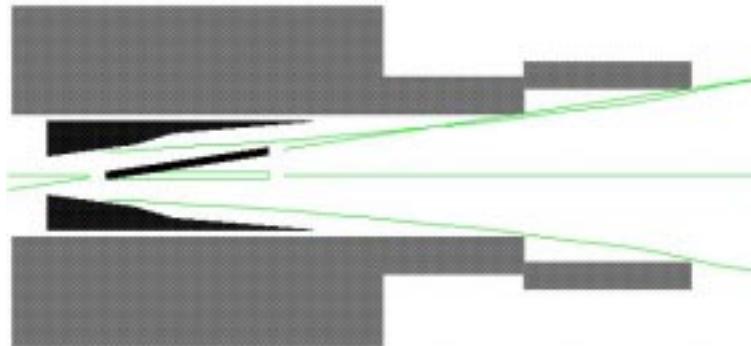
K. McDonald

# GaSn Liquid Metal

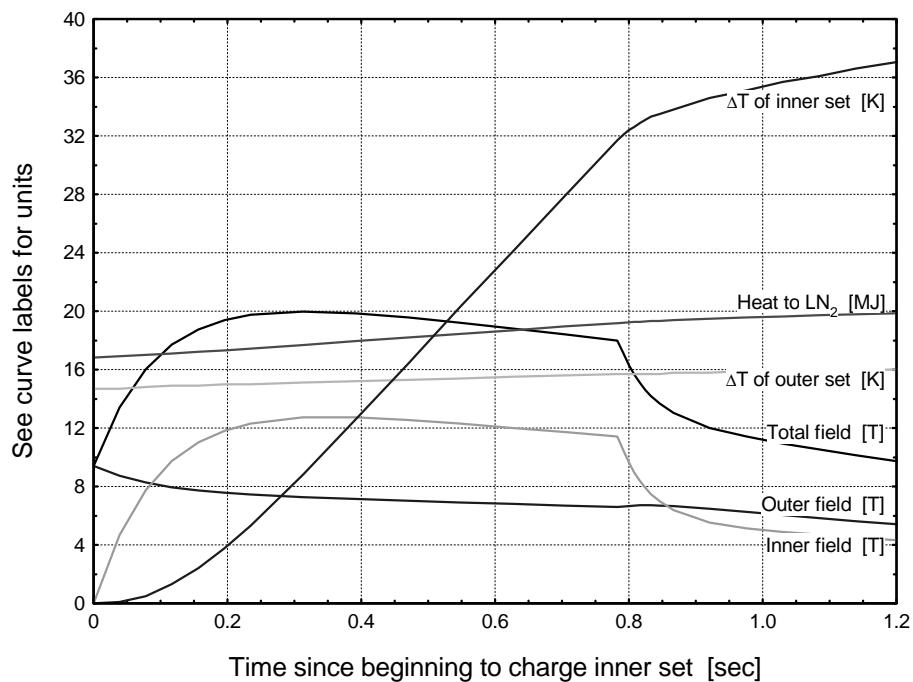


R. Weggel

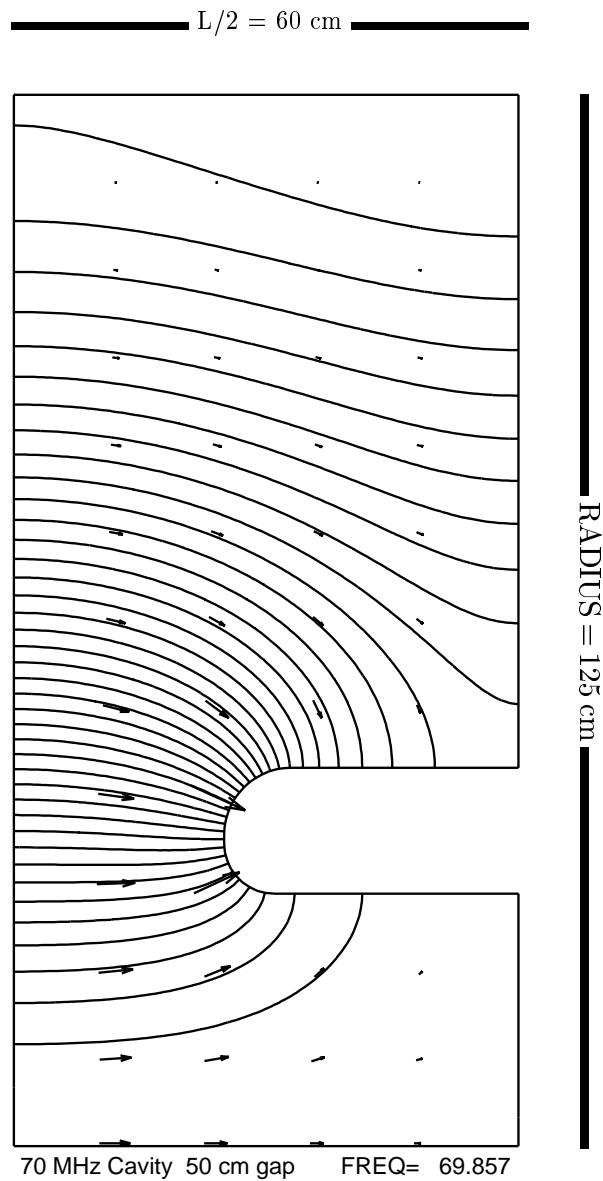
## The Pulsed 20 T Solenoid



80 K, 20 T System: 4 MW Outer Set Energizes Inner Set



# The 70 MHz rf cavity



## 70 MHz rf Cavity Parameters

---

---

|                                 |      |
|---------------------------------|------|
| RF frequency [MHz]              | 70   |
| Cavity Length [cm]              | 120  |
| Full Gap length [cm]            | 50   |
| Cavity Radius [cm]              | 125  |
| Beam Pipe Full Aperture [cm]    | 60   |
| Q/1000 (from SFISH)             | 63.1 |
| Shunt Impedance [ $M\Omega/m$ ] | 13   |
| Ave Gradient [MV/m]             | 5.0* |
| RF Peak Power [MW]              | 2.4* |
| Stored Energy [J]               | 330* |

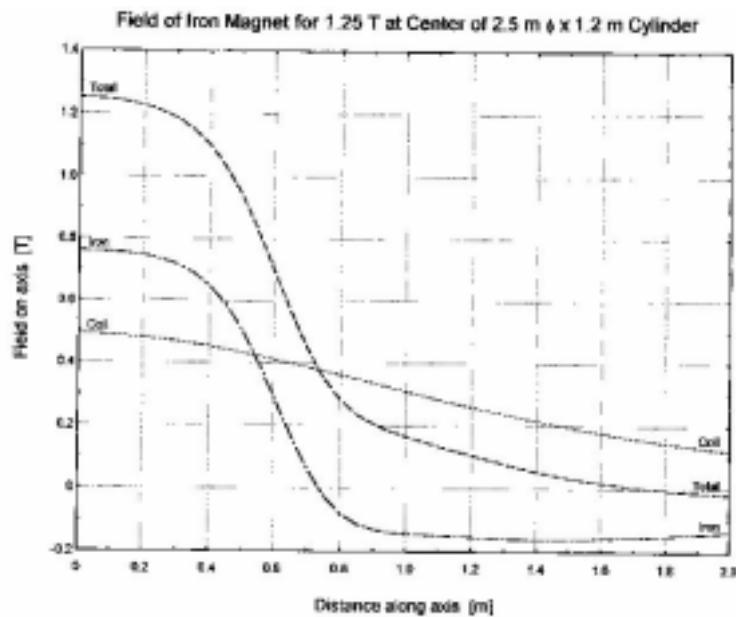
---

---

\* 2 Kilpatrick Operation

R. Weggel

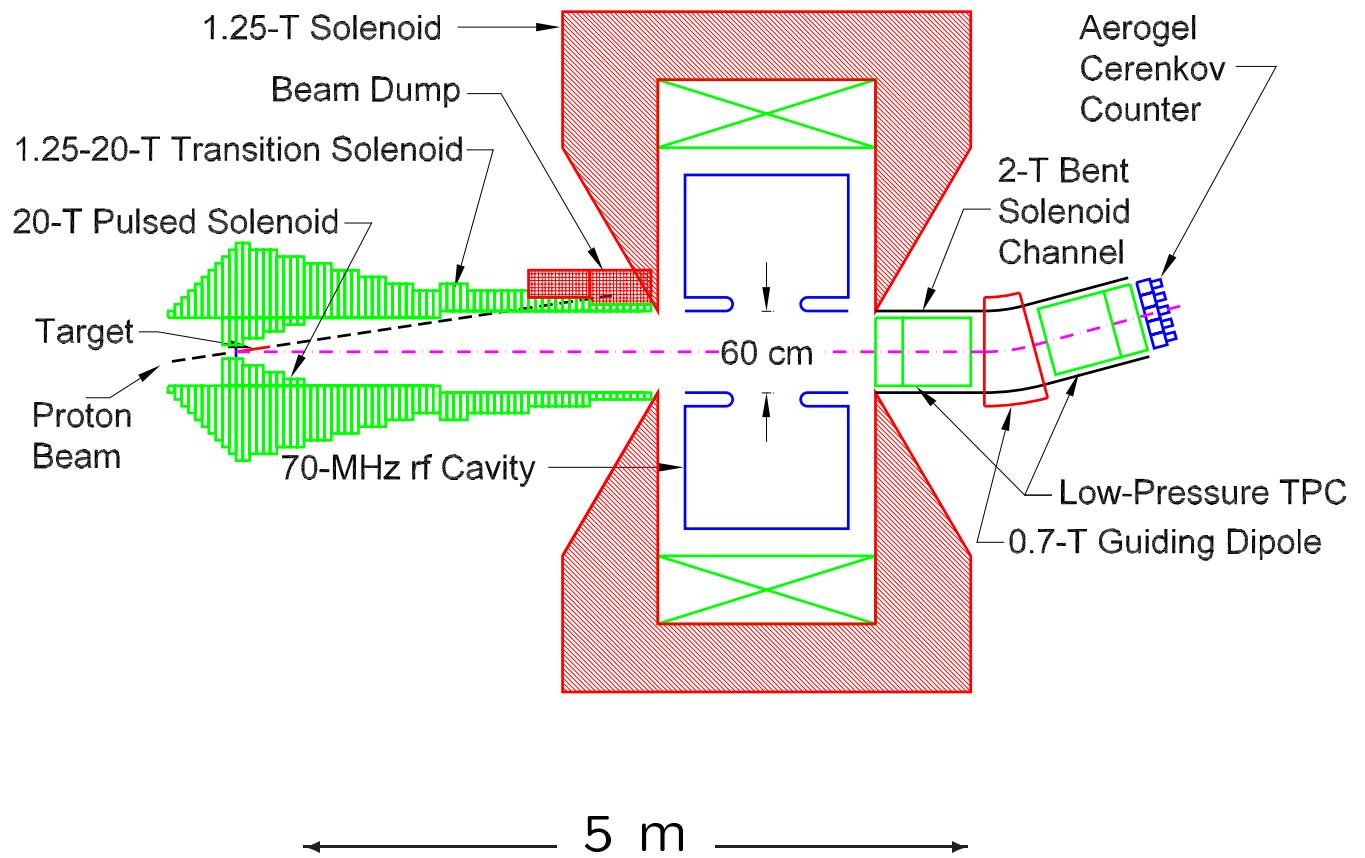
## The 1.25 T Solenoid



### Magnet features

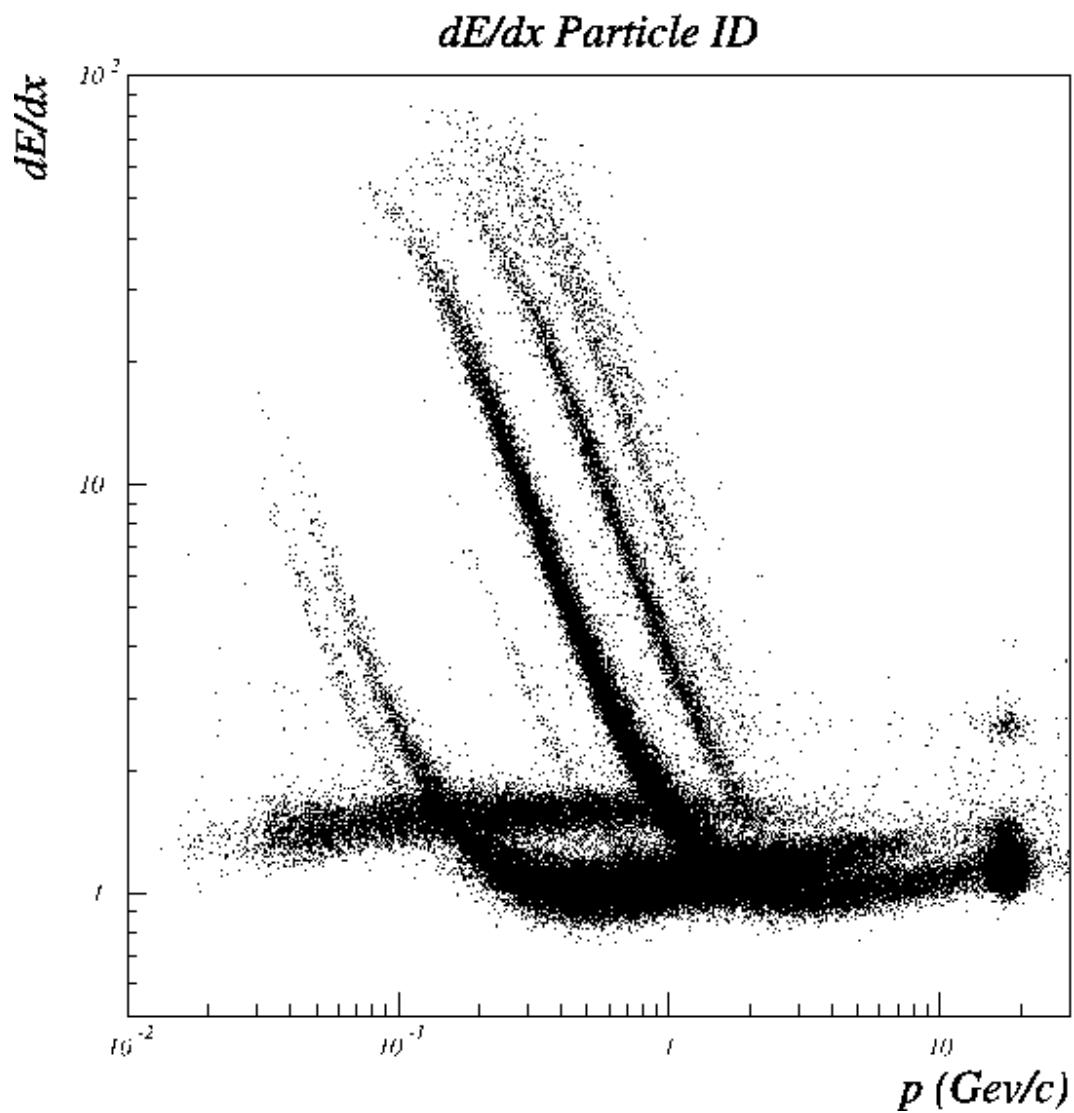
- 20-ton copper coil
- 140-ton iron return-flux yoke
- 1.2 MW cw power
- Similar to existing AGS E-787 magnet

# Layout of the Targetry Experiment

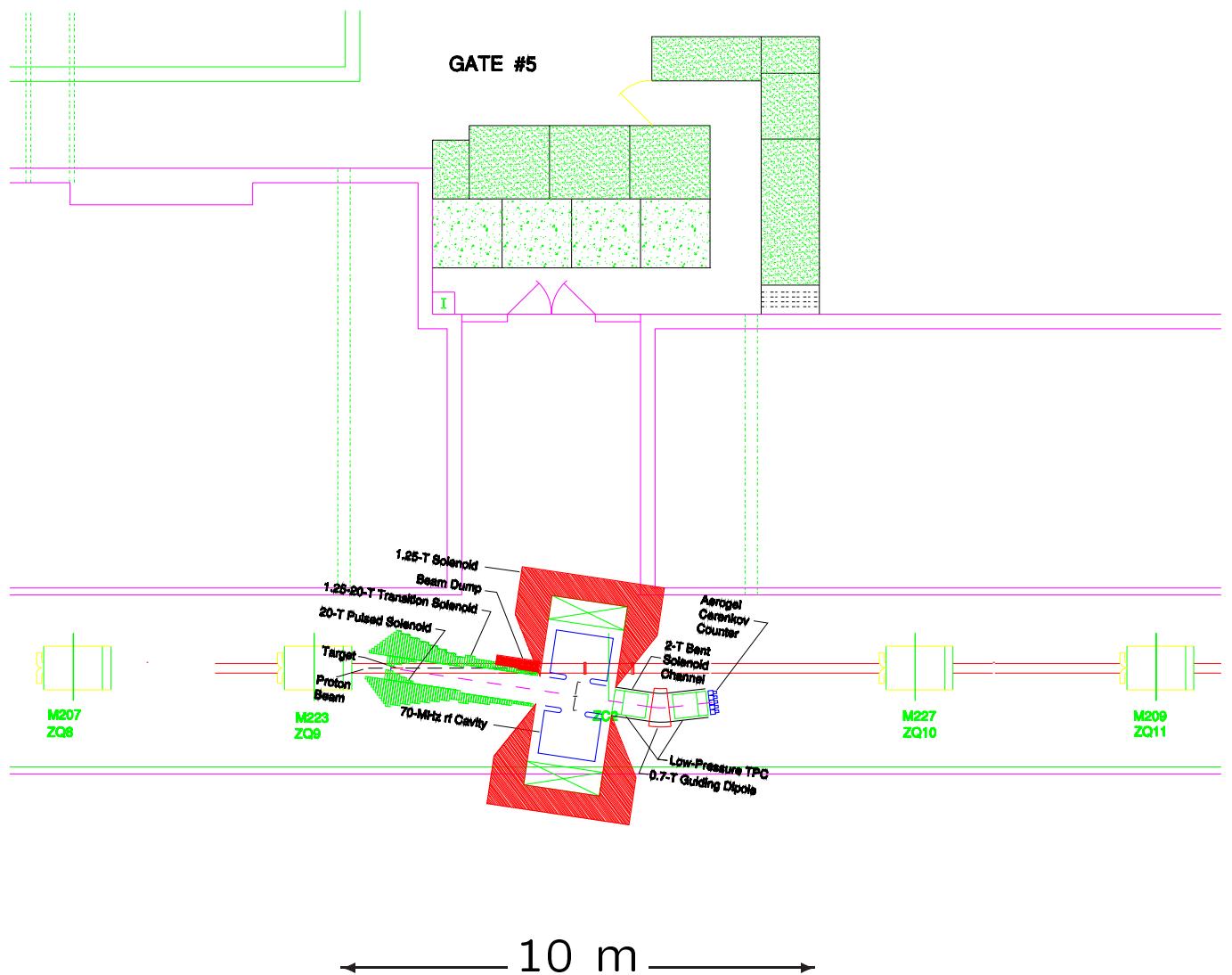


H. Hiejima

## E910 TPC tracks

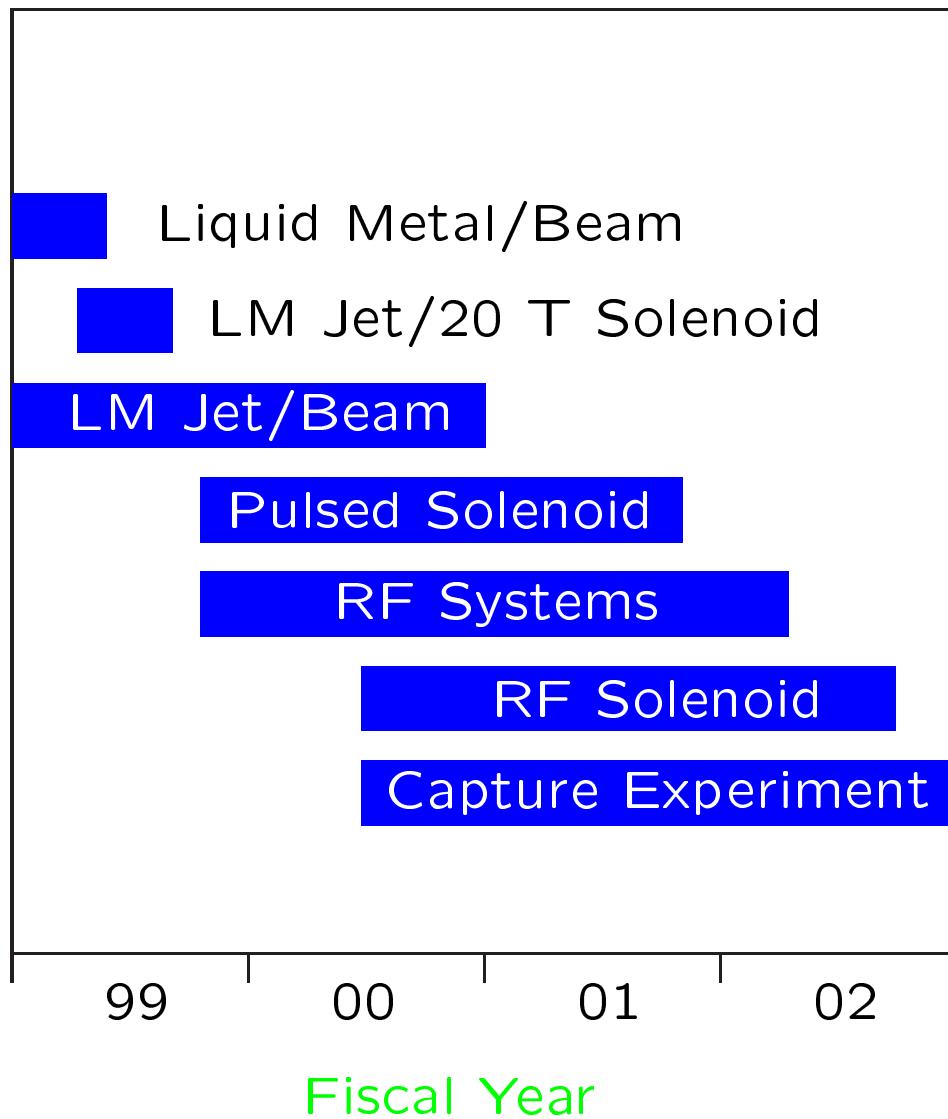


# The Target Experiment in the Beamline



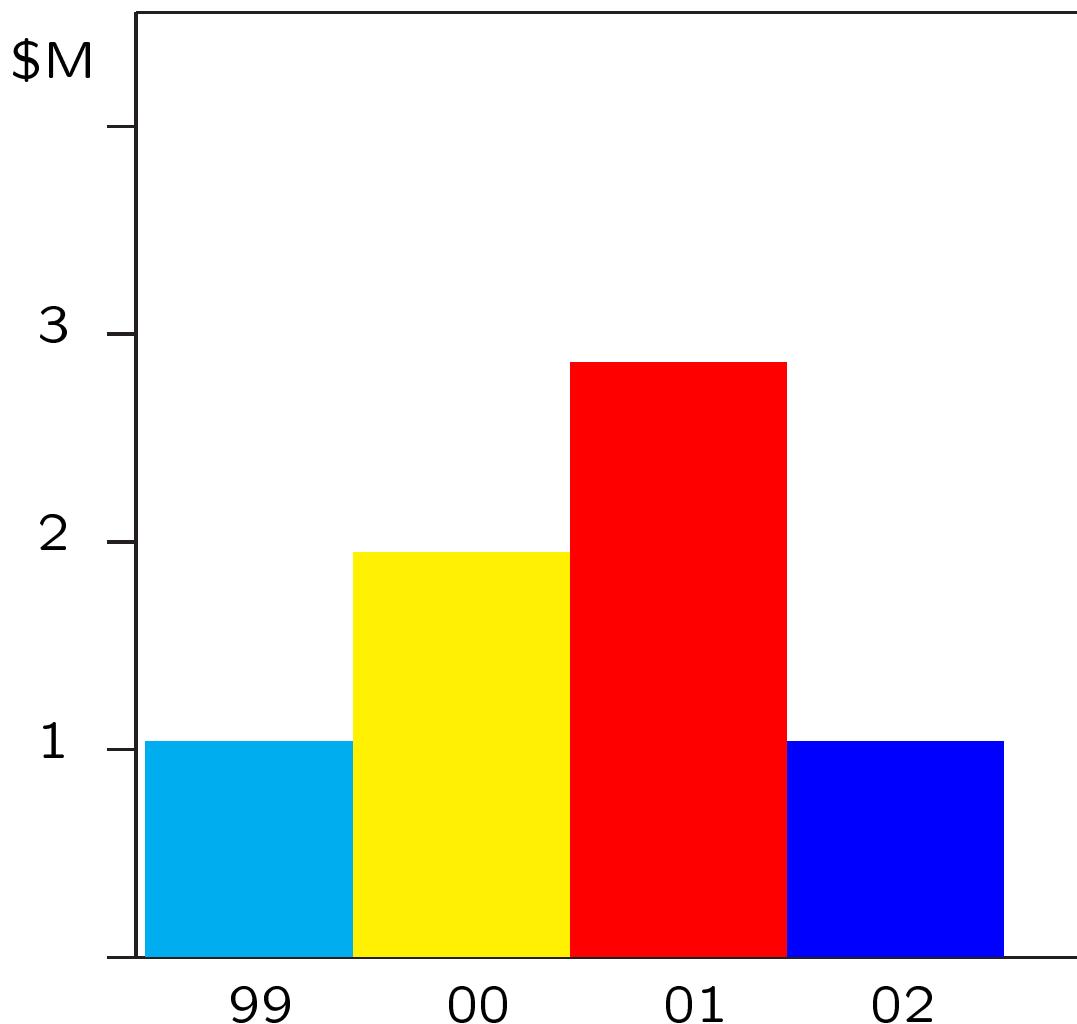
# Targetry Experiment

## Task Profile



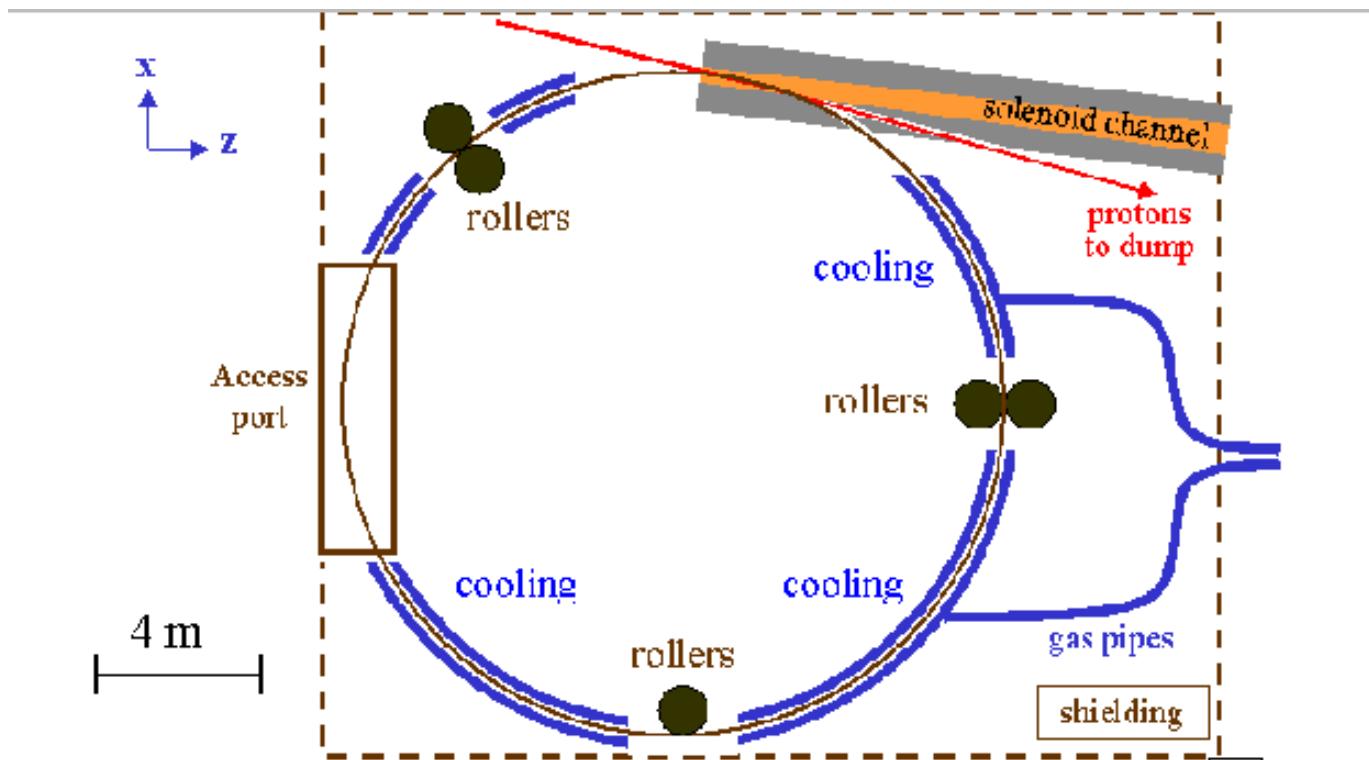
# Targetry Experiment

## Funding Profile



B. King

## Solid Target Alternative



# The Distributed Target

