

The Target System and Support Facility at a Muon-Based Neutrino Source





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http://puhep1.princeton.edu/mumu/target/



Challenges

- Maximal production of soft pions \rightarrow muons in a megawatt proton beam.
- Capture pions in a 20-T solenoid, followed by a 1.25-T decay



- A carbon target is feasible for 1.5-MW proton beam power.
- For $E_p \gtrsim 16$ GeV, factor of 2 advantage with high-Z target.
- Static high-Z target would melt, \Rightarrow Moving target.
- A free mercury jet target is feasible for beam power of 4 MW (and more). KIRK T. MCDONALD May 4, 2001 $\mathbf{2}$



Feasibility Issues

- Pion/muon yield.
- Lifetime of components in high radiation environment.
- Mercury jet interaction with beam and magnet.
- Design of the 20-T capture magnet.
- Beam entrance and exit windows.
- Proton beam absorber.
- Mercury flow loop.
- Target system support facility.



Pion/Muon Yield

For $E_p \gtrsim 10$ GeV, more yield with high-Z target.



Mercury target radius should be $\approx 5 \text{ mm}$,

with target axis tilted by ≈ 100 mrad to the magnetic axis.



Can capture ≈ 0.3 pion per proton with $50 < P_{\pi} < 400 \text{ MeV}/c$. KIRK T. MCDONALD MAY 4, 2001 4



Target System Layout

Mercury jet target inside a magnetic bottle: 20-T around target, dropping to 1.25 T in the pion decay channel.



Mercury jet tilted by 100 mrad, proton beam by 67 mrad.





Lifetime of Components in the High Radiation



Environment

Component	Radius	Dose/yr	Max allowed Dose	1 MW Life	4 MW life
	(cm)	$(Grays/2 \times 10^7 s)$	(Grays)	(years)	(years)
Inner shielding	7.5	5×10^{10}	10^{12}	20	5
Hg containment	18	10^{9}	10^{11}	100	25
Hollow conductor	18	10^{9}	10^{11}	100	25
coil					
Superconducting	65	5×10^6	10^{8}	20	5
coil					

Some components must be replacable.



Proton Beam Will Disperse the Mercury Jet

FronTier simulation, 0 - 30 $\mu s:$



1-cm-diameter Hg jet in 2e12 protons at t = 0, 0.75, 2, 7, 18 ms.



Model:
$$v_{\text{dispersal}} = \frac{\Delta r}{\Delta t} = \frac{r\alpha\Delta T}{r/v_{\text{sound}}} = \frac{\alpha U}{C} v_{\text{sound}} \approx 50 \text{ m/s}$$
for $U \approx 100 \text{ J/g}.$

Data: $v_{\text{dispersal}} \approx 10 \text{ m/s}$ for $U \approx 25 \text{ J/g}$.

The dispersal is not destructive.



Magnetohydrodynamics

Eddy currents may distort the jet as it traverses the magnet.



Analytic model suggests little effect if jet nozzle inside field.

1 cm diam. jet, v = 4.6 m/s, B = 0 T; v = 4.0 m/s, B = 13 T:



 $\Rightarrow Damping of surface tension waves (Rayleigh instability).$ KIRK T. MCDONALD MAY 4, 2001



20-T Capture Magnet System

Inner, hollow-conductor copper coils generate 6 T @ 12 MW:





Bitter-coil option less costly, but marginally feasible.

Outer, superconducting coils generate 14 T @ 600 MJ:



Cable-in-conduit construction similar to ITER central solenoid.

Both coils shielded by tungsten-carbide/water.



Double Beryllium Foil Beam Windows

Upstream window stressed by beam heating; must be replaceable.



60-cm-diam. downstream window stressed by pressure; must be removable. Double-curved profile favored.







Mercury Pool Proton Beam Absorber

The unscattered proton beam is absorbed in a "windowless" pool of mercury.



Baffles mitigate splashing of mercury due to entry of both the proton beam and the mercury jet.

The proton absorber is replacable.



Mercury Flow Loop

110 l of mercury flow in a closed loop at 2 cyles/min.



Activation products can be distilled off in a hot cell.





Target System Support Facility

Extensive shielding; remote handling capability.







Summary

- A target sytem based on a mercury jet in a 20-T capture solenoid is feasible at 1-4 MW beam power.
- Solid target alternatives include graphite rods or a rotating nickel band.
- An early upgrade to 4-MW may be the quickest path to higher neutrino fluxes.
- Continued R&D is needed. The next step is a combined test of a mercury jet in a proton beam and in a 20-T pulsed magnet (BNL E951 phase 2).