

Wire Procurement and Quality Control for the BABAR Drift Chamber

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Field Wires

Order twice nominal length to allow for loss during stringing.

14,208 field wires, 120- μ m gold-plated aluminum.

Order 300,000 ft (change diamond dies every 10,000 ft).

7,456 clearing wires, 80- μ m gold-plated aluminum.

Order 150,000 ft.

Vendor: California Fine Wire.

Order placed Sept. 20, 1996.

Cost: \$129.5k

See Princeton/BABAR/TNDC-96-47.

Quality Control

At least one sample from every spool will be tested as follows:

1. Wire diameter: weigh a 1-m length on a Mettler AT1005 Mass Comparator (accuracy: 0.02 mg);
Determine ρr^2 to 1% \Rightarrow can determine gold-plating thickness on aluminum (but not tungsten) wire.
2. Spring constant and breaking force: measure elongation *vs.* force with a Mitutoyo micrometer and a Denver Instruments balance interfaced to a PC.
3. Surface appearance: use an Amray 1200B scanning electron microscope; option to perform x-ray analysis.

Occasional tests of:

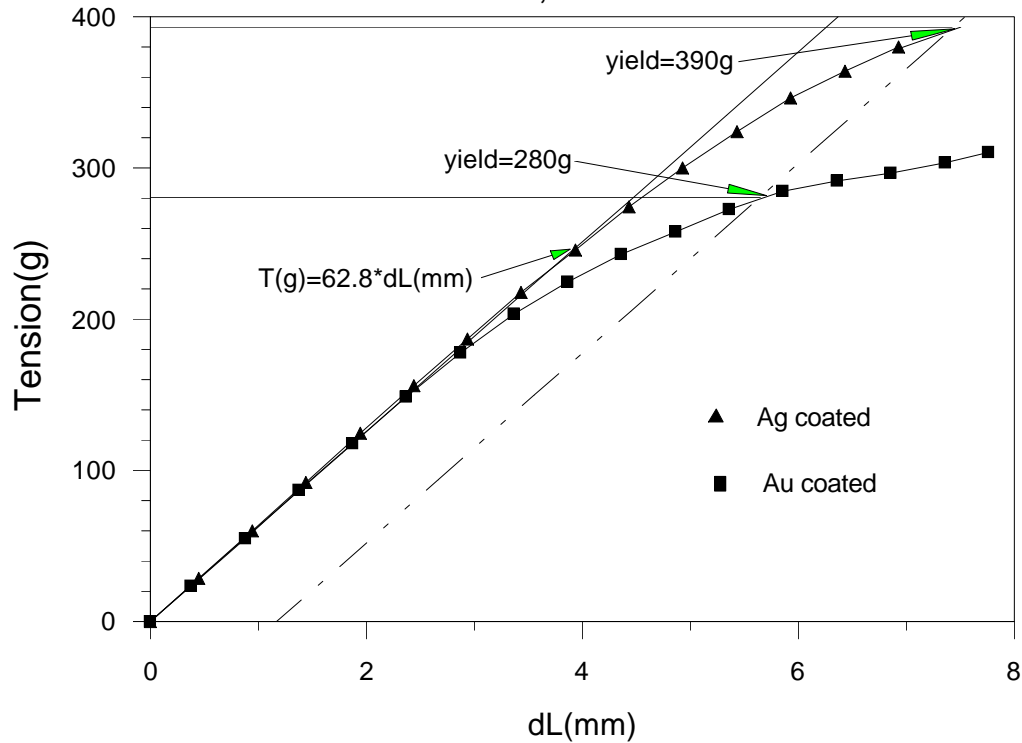
1. Creep.
2. High-voltage behavior.

See Princeton/BABAR/TNDC-96-46.

Yield Measurements for Al Wire

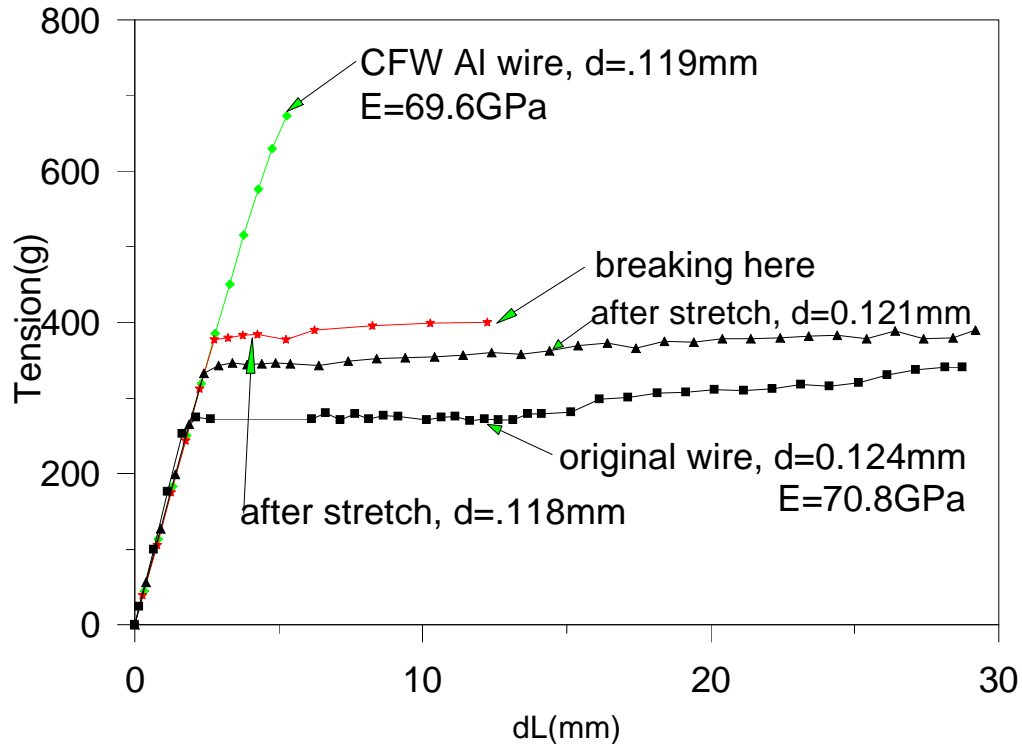
CFW Al 5056 wire

d=.081mm, L=587.4mm

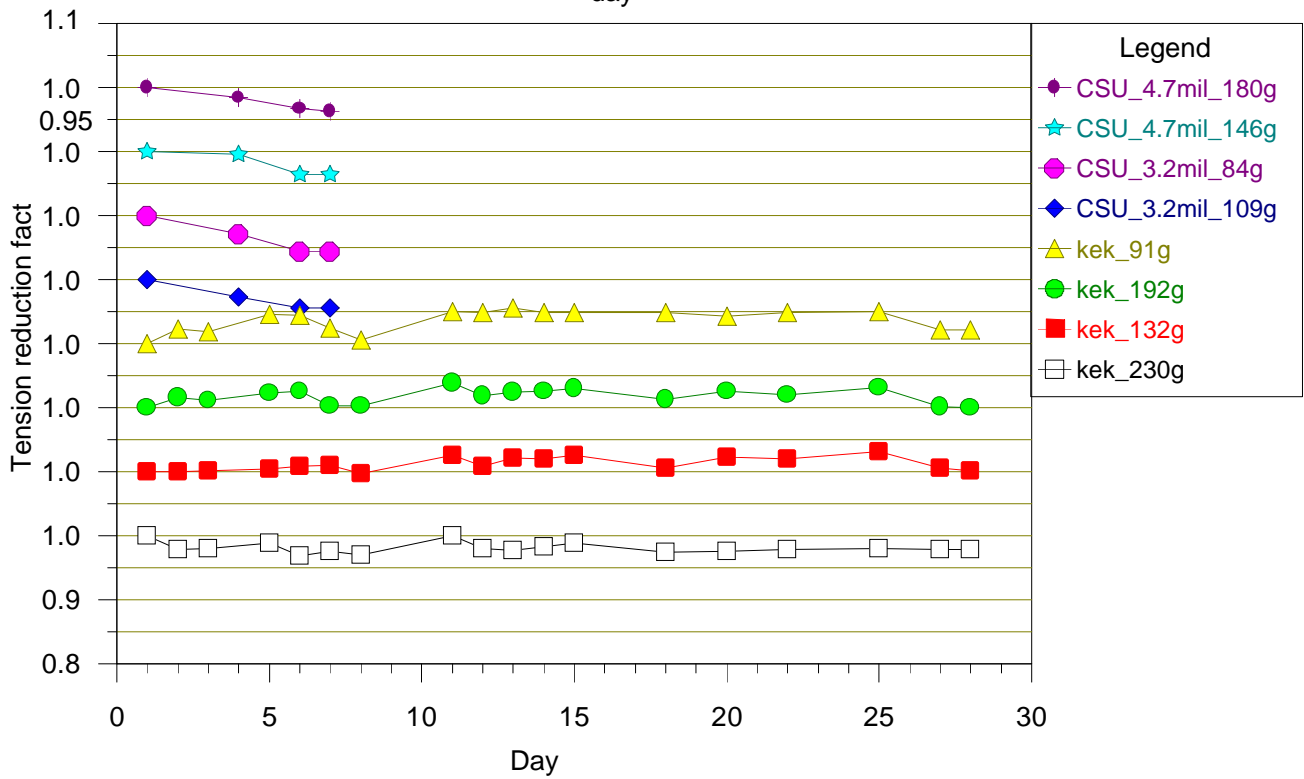
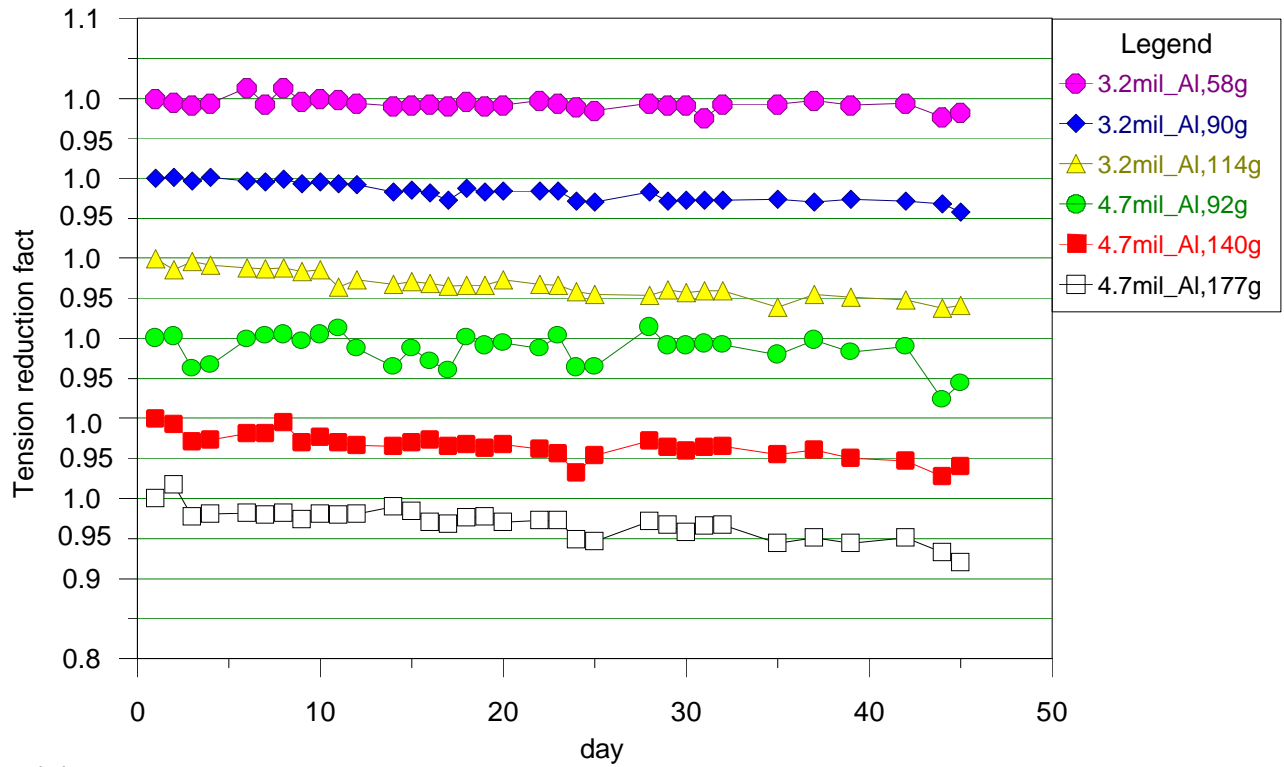


KEK Al wire sample, uncoated

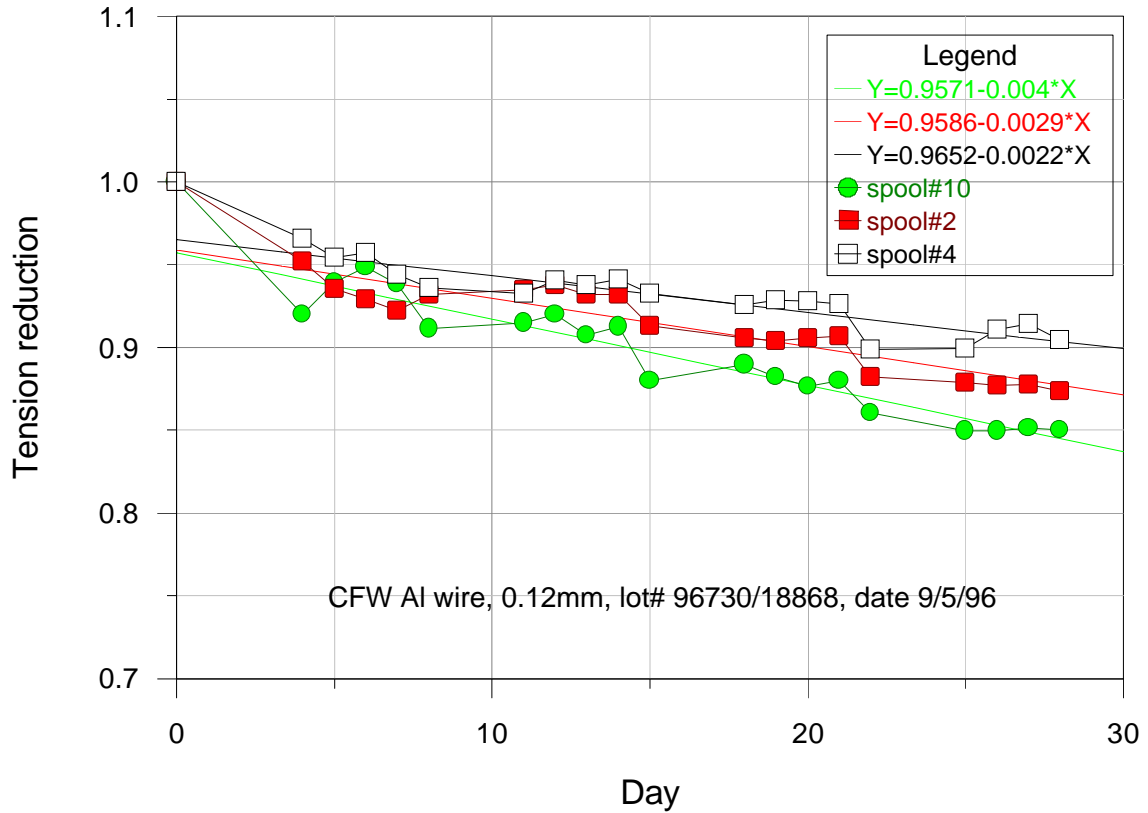
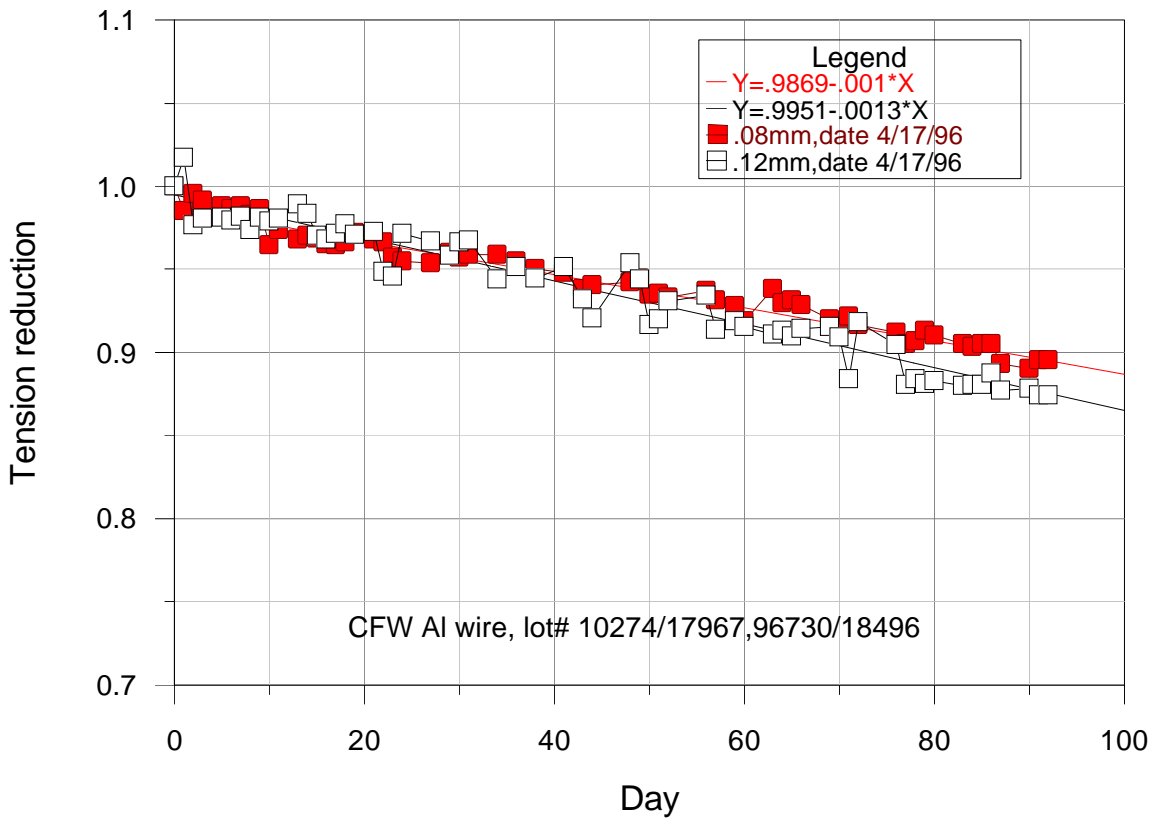
d=0.124mm, L=0.568m



Creep Tests Beginning June 1996



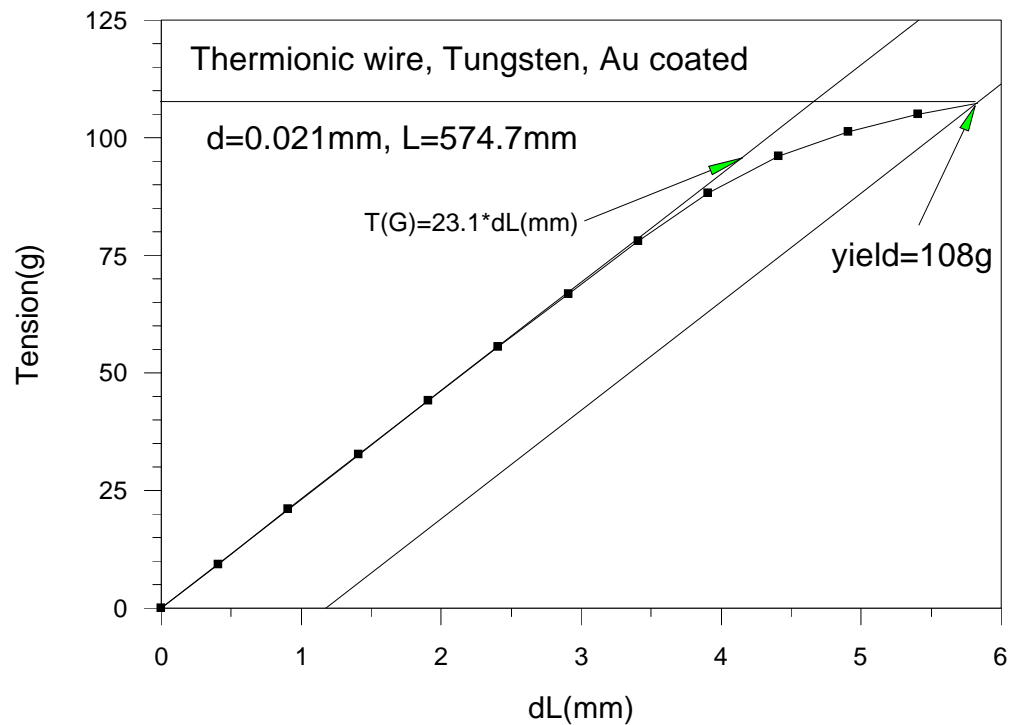
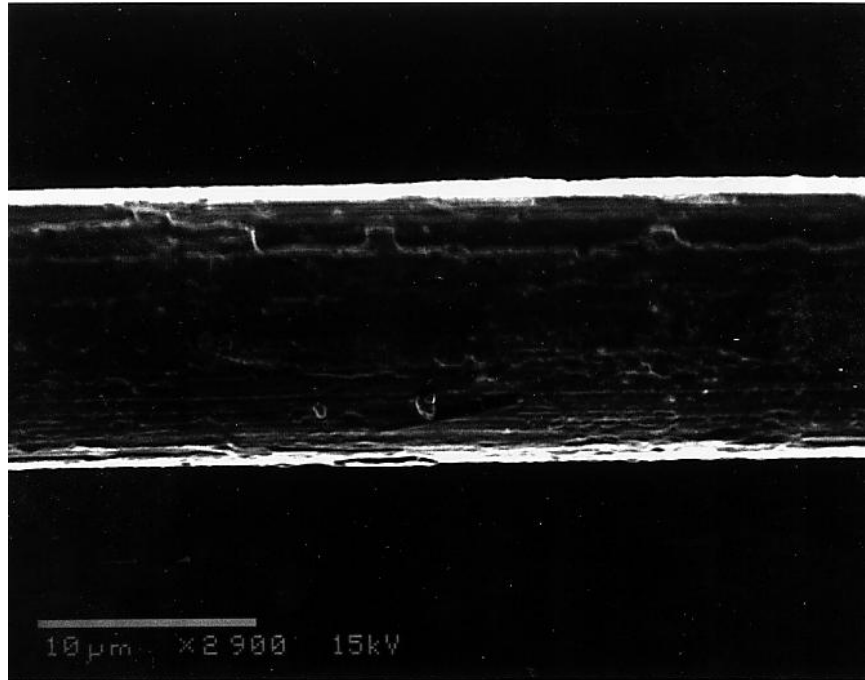
Recent Wire Shows Greater Creep



Sense Wires

7104 sense wires, 20- μm gold-plated tungsten.

Wire from Thermionics Products; good stiffness.



Wire from Luma; better surface but less stiff, lower yield.

